МЕДИЦИНСКИ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ - ВАРНА "Проф. д-р Параскев Стоянов"

Ул. "Марин Дринов" 55, Варна 9002, България Тел.: 052/ 65 00 57, Факс: 052/ 65 00 19 e-mail: uni@mu-varna.bg, www.mu-varna.bg



MEDICAL UNIVERSITY - VARNA "Prof. Dr. Paraskev Stoyanov"

55, Marin Drinov Str., 9002 Varna, Bulgaria Tel.: +359 52/ 65 00 57, Fax: +359 52/ 65 00 19 e-mail: uni@mu-varna.bg, www.mu-varna.bg

FACULTY OF MEDICINE

Approved: Dean:

(Prof. Yoto Yotov, MD, PhD)

SYLLABUS

IN PHYSIOTHERAPY AND REHABILITATION

Specialty	MEDICINE
Educational - qualification degree	master
Organizational form of education	full-time
Auditorial activity (Lectures/Seminars)	45(15/30)
Extra-auditorial activity	15
ECTS- credits	2
Discipline type	compulsory
Semester/s of education	Eight
Semester of examination	Eight
Developer(s) of the Syllabus:	Assoc. Prof. Evgenia Vladeva, M.D., Ph.D.

Varna, 2024

ANNOTATION

Aims of the course	The curriculum on "Physical Therapy and Rehabilitation" is designed to get acquainted students with fundamental treatment and preventive options utilising natural elements (sun, water, air, movement) and various modalities (low, medium, and high-frequency currents, iontophoresis, ultraviolet and infrared radiation, ultrasound, magnet therapy) as physical agents. "Physical Therapy and Rehabilitation" is a clinical discipline that interacts with nearly all other clinical fields. The updated guidelines focus to physioprophylaxis under the slogan "Health for Healthy." The education in physical therapy and rehabilitation includes more than a mere theoretical introduction to various physiotherapy fields. It encompasses training
	in electrotherapy and light therapy, as well as demonstrations of various kinesitherapy techniques, including exercises, manual therapy, massage, and traction.

Competences	
Competence group	1. Patient Care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for treating health problems and promoting health.
Knowledge	 Gather essential and accurate information about the patient. Recognize the indicators for procedures.
Skills	Prescribe and perform essential medical procedures.
Competence group	2. Medical Knowledge about established and evolving biomedical, clinical, and cognate (e.g., epidemiological and social-behavioural) sciences and the application of this knowledge to patient care.
Knowledge	The education in physical therapy and rehabilitation includes more than mere theoretical introduction to various physiotherapy fields. It encompasses training in electrotherapy and light therapy, as well as demonstrations of various kinesitherapy techniques, including exercises, manual therapy, massage, and traction. An investigative and analytical approach to clinical problem solving and knowledge acquisition
Skills	An ability to apply medical knowledge to clinical situations
Competence group	3. Interpersonal and Communication Skills that result in effective information exchange and teaming with patients, the families, and other health professionals.
Knowledge	 Knowledge about effective information exchange and teaming with patients, their families, and other health professionals

Skills	 Create and sustain a therapeutic relationship with patients and families Work effectively as a member or leader of a health care team
Competence group	4. Professionalism, as manifested through a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities, adherence to ethical principles, and sensitivity to a diverse patient population.
Knowledge	 Knowledge about carrying out professional responsibilities, adherence to ethical principles, and sensitivity to a diverse patient population
Skills	 Demonstrating Professional Conduct and Accountability Demonstrating Humanism and Cultural Proficiency Maintaining Emotional, Physical, and Mental Health, and Pursuing Continual Personal and Professional Growth

Key competencies for lifelong learning ¹ , that the discipline develops:			
Literacy competence Literacy is the ability to identify, understand, express, create, and interpret concepts, feelings, facts and opinions in both oral and written forms, using visual, sound/audio and digital materials across disciplines and contexts. It implies the ability to communicate and connect effectively with others, in an appropriate and creative way.	X		
Multilingual competence This competence defines the ability to use different languages appropriately and effectively for communication. It broadly shares the main skill dimensions of literacy: it is based on the ability to understand, express and interpret concepts, thoughts, feelings, facts and opinions in both oral and written form (listening, speaking, reading and writing) in an appropriate range of societal and cultural contexts according to one's wants or needs.			
Mathematical competence and competence in science, technology, engineering A. Mathematical competence is the ability to develop and apply mathematical thinking and insight in order to solve a range of problems in everyday situations. Building on a sound mastery of numeracy, the emphasis is on process and activity, as well as knowledge. Mathematical competence involves, to different degrees, the ability and willingness to use mathematical modes of thought and presentation (formulas, models, constructs, graphs, charts). B. Competence in science refers to the ability and willingness to explain the natural world by making use of the body of knowledge and methodology employed, including observation and experimentation, in order to identify questions and to draw evidence-based conclusions. Competences in technology and engineering are applications of that knowledge and methodology in response to perceived human wants or needs. Competence in science, technology and engineering involves an understanding of the changes caused by human activity and responsibility as an individual citizen.	X		
Digital competence Digital competence involves the confident, critical and responsible use of, and engagement with, digital technologies for learning, at work, and for participation in society. It includes information and data literacy, communication and collaboration, media literacy, digital content creation (including programming), safety (including digital well-being and competences related to cybersecurity), intellectual property related questions, problem solving and critical thinking.	X		

¹ As defined in 2018 r. by the European Union Council (https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/BG/TXT/HTML/?uri=CELEX:32018H0604(01)&from=EN)

Personal, social and learning to learn competence

Personal, social and learning to learn competence is the ability to reflect upon oneself, effectively manage time and information, work with others in a constructive way, remain resilient and manage one's own learning and career. It includes the ability to cope with uncertainty and complexity, learn to learn, support one's physical and emotional well-being, to maintain physical and mental health, and to be able to lead a health-conscious, future-oriented life, empathize and manage conflict in an inclusive and supportive context.

Citizenship competence

the ability to act as responsible citizens and to fully participate in civic and social life, based on an understanding of social, economic, legal and political concepts and structures, as well as global developments and sustainability.

Entrepreneurship competence

Entrepreneurship competence refers to the capacity to act upon opportunities and ideas, and to transform them into values for others. It is founded upon creativity, critical thinking and problem solving, taking initiative and perseverance and the ability to work collaboratively in order to plan and manage projects that are of cultural, social or financial value.

Cultural awareness and expression competence

Competence in cultural awareness and expression involves having an understanding of and respect for how ideas and meaning are creatively expressed and communicated in different cultures and through a range of arts and other cultural forms. It involves being engaged in understanding, developing and expressing one's own ideas and sense of place or role in society in a variety of ways and contexts.

X

Methods of education

- lectures
- seminars
- consultations, discussions, work with scientific literature, presentations, work with patients under observation

Links with other courses from the curriculum of the specialty

- Builds upon knowledge acquired in/Depends on:
 - Neurology, orthopaedics, internal diseases
- Necessary for the following disciplines:
 - Anatomy and Physiology,