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, 2019

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.....5

.....6

.....7

.....12

.....60

.....61

.....61

,

.....63

Bax – Bcl-2–associated *X protein*

AJCC - American Joint Committee on Cancer

BRAF V - raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1

HBME-1 -Hector Battifora mesothelial-1

RAS - Rat sarcoma oncogene; a transforming oncogene

RET - Rearranged during transfection; a proto-oncogene encoding a receptor tyrosine kinase

TTF-1 - Transcription termination factor 1

I.

2018). (Lamarina L et al., 1%
a
: 2017 .
- 90-95%
2-3%
2%
(Katoh et al., 2015; Lloyd RV et al., 2017).
10-15
8-
10 %
(Katoh et al., 2015).

(Lamarina L et al., 2018).
19
, 19
19
(Bose D et al., 2012;
Siderova M et al., 2016).

(Cao F et al., 2013; He L et al., 2015). CD34
(Jebreel A et al., 2007).
(Hassan M et al., 2014).
Bcl-2 Bax. Bcl-2
(Shanone C et al, 2015).
Bax

(Hassan M et al., 2014).

(Gupta A et al., 2016).

II.

:

19,
Bcl2

CD34,

Bax

:

1.

(2013 - 2017 .
” . “)

2.

3.

19

4.

CD34,

5.

Bax

6.

Bcl-2

3.2.1.

- 1) ;
AJCC (Amin MB et al, 2017).
- 2)
- 3) ,
2 ;
() ; ,
- 4) .
2017 (Lloyd RV
et al., 2017). TNM (Amin MB
et al, 2017);
5) ().
() .

(Kumar et al., 2014).

- 6) .
- 7) :

3.2.2.

mini KIT high Ph DAKO K8024.

1. monoclonal mouse anti-human BCL2 clone: 124 (Dako);
2. Polyclonal rabbit anti-human Bax (Dako); monoclonal mouse anti-human Bax (Skytex);
3. Monoclonal mouse anti-human CD34 class II clone QBEnd (Dako);
4. Monoclonal mouse anti-human CK19 clone RCK108 (Dako);

bcl-2,

CK19.

Bax,

1.

| anti- CK19 clone RCK108; mouse monoclonal to CK19 | 1:200 | | | Dako |
|---|-------|--|--|--------|
| anti- CD34 class II clone QBEnd; mouse monoclonal to CD34 | 1:200 | | | Dako |
| anti- Bax; rabbit polyclonal to Bax | 1:400 | | | Dako |
| anti- Bax; mouse monoclonal to Bax | 1:200 | | | Skytex |
| anti- bcl-2 clone 124; mouse monoclonal to bcl-2 | 1:200 | | | Dako |

2.

| | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|------|
| HRP- DAB System | | Dako |
| Mayer's hematoxilin | Counterstaining | Dako |

3.2.2.1.

CK19

19 , 10
(10 40).

CK19

19
10
(10 40).
:
/ - 0;
- 1;
- 2;
1 2.
:
<5 % - 1;
5 25 % - 2;
25 75 % - 3;
>75 % - 4;

: X =

2 (Palo S. et al., 2017).

3.2.2.2. CD34

CD34

al. (2007).

(hot spots).

(10 4)

(10 20).

()

Jebreel et

3.2.2.3 Bax

H-score

Bax

score)

Bax

H-score (histo-

Gupta A et al. (2016). H-score

()

-0

- 1

- 2

- 3

H-score

2 +) + 3x (% 3+)],

%

[1x (%

0 300.

1+) +2x (%

3.2.2.4. Bcl-2

H-score

Bcl-2

et al., 2016).

. H-score

(Gupta A

3.2.3.

➤ (ANOVA)

➤

➤

(r) ():

- $0 < r < 0,3$ –
- $0,3 < r < 0,5$ –
- $0,5 < r < 0,7$ –
- $0,7 < r < 0,9$ –
- $0,9 < r < 1$ –

➤ () – ², t-test Student's

➤

$< 0,05$, $< 0,01$, $< 0,001$

95%.

e – IB

SPSS for Windows, v.20.0.

➤ / :

- ()/Positive predictive value (PPV)

$$PPV = \frac{\quad}{\quad + \quad}$$

- ()/Negative predictive value (NPV)

$$NPV = \frac{\quad}{\quad + \quad}$$

- /Sensitivity (SN)

$$SN = \frac{\quad}{\quad + \quad}$$

- /Specificity (SP)

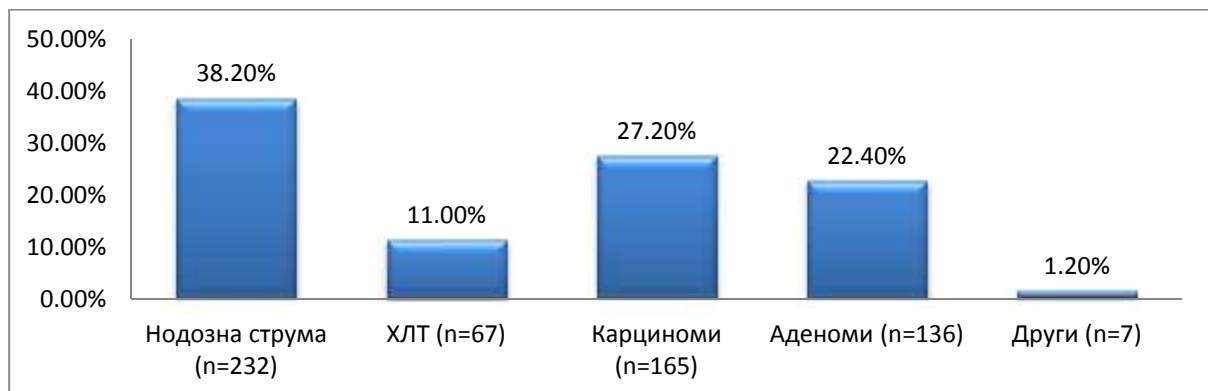
$$SP = \frac{\quad}{\quad + \quad}$$

- /Diagnostic accuracy (DA)

$$DA = \frac{\quad + \quad}{\quad + \quad}$$

IV.

4.1. - ,



I.

5 . (2013-2017 .)

607

3

3.

| | | N/% |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|
| | | 537/88.5 % |
| | | 70/11.5 % |
| | mean±SD (range) | 48,3 . ± 13.8 . (7-79 .) |
| | < 20 . | 13/2.1 % |
| | 21 – 30 . | 52/8.6 % |
| | 31 – 40 . | 120/19.8 % |
| | 41 – 50 . | 152/25.0 % |
| | 51 – 60 . | 135/22.2% |
| | 61 – 70 . | 112/18.5 % |
| | > 71 . | 23/3.8 % |
| | | 232/38.2% |
| | | 10/1.6% |
| | | 57/9.4% |
| | | 141/23.2% |
| | | 112/18.5% |
| | | 9/1.5% |
| | | 24/4.0% |
| | | 10/1.6% |
| | | 4/0.7% |
| | | 1/0,2 % |
| | * | 7/1.1% |

. *1

B-

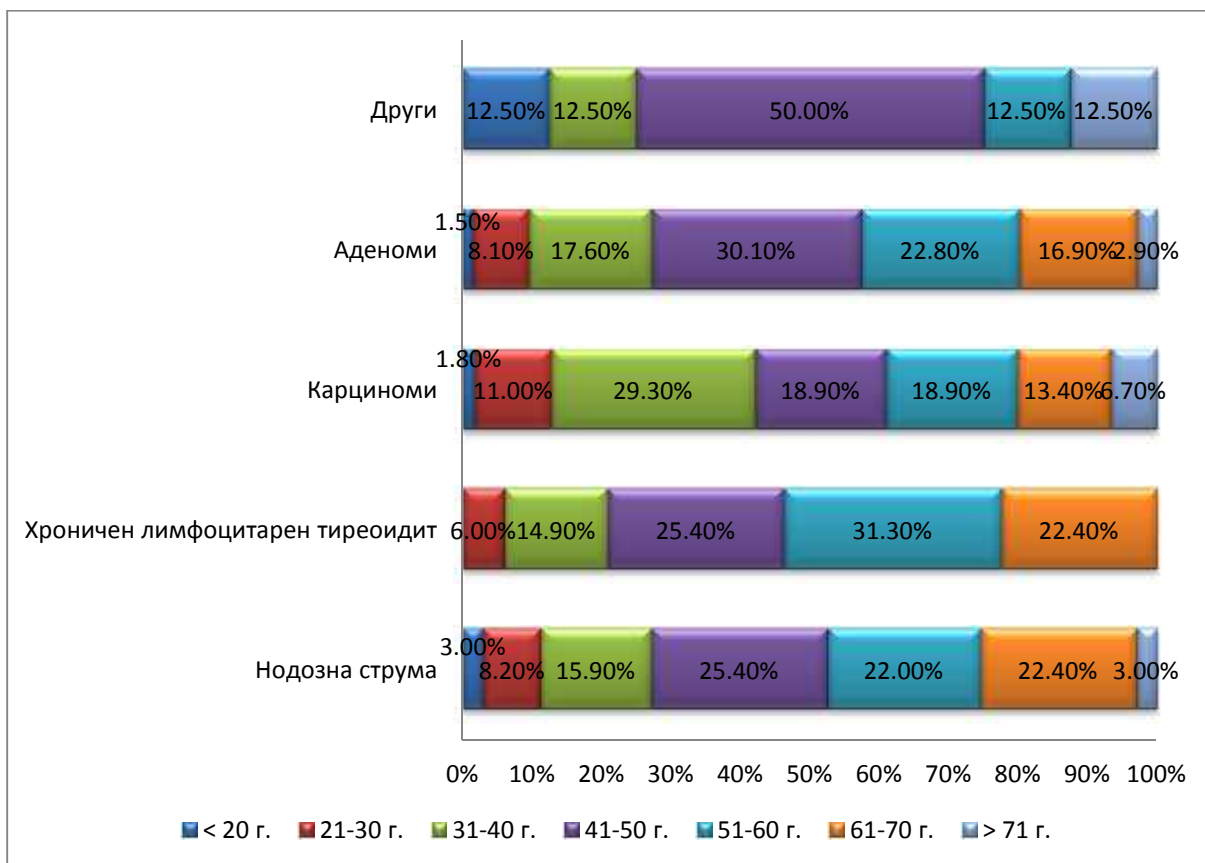
, 1

, 1“Black“

, 3

, 1

(88,50%)
 (11,50%).
 41-60 . (47,2%).
 - 141 (23,20%).
 - 112 (18,50%).
 (p>0,05),
 20 . - 5 .
 27,0% (165),
 - 22,40% (136) (.1).
 (.2).
 31-40 . (29,30%),
 41-50 . (30,10%) ($\chi^2=44,02$; $p=0,008$)



2.

3

($\chi^2=90,57$;
 $p=0,001$).

31-40 г., 51 (31,20%).
 41-50 г., 41 (30,40%)
 (. 3).

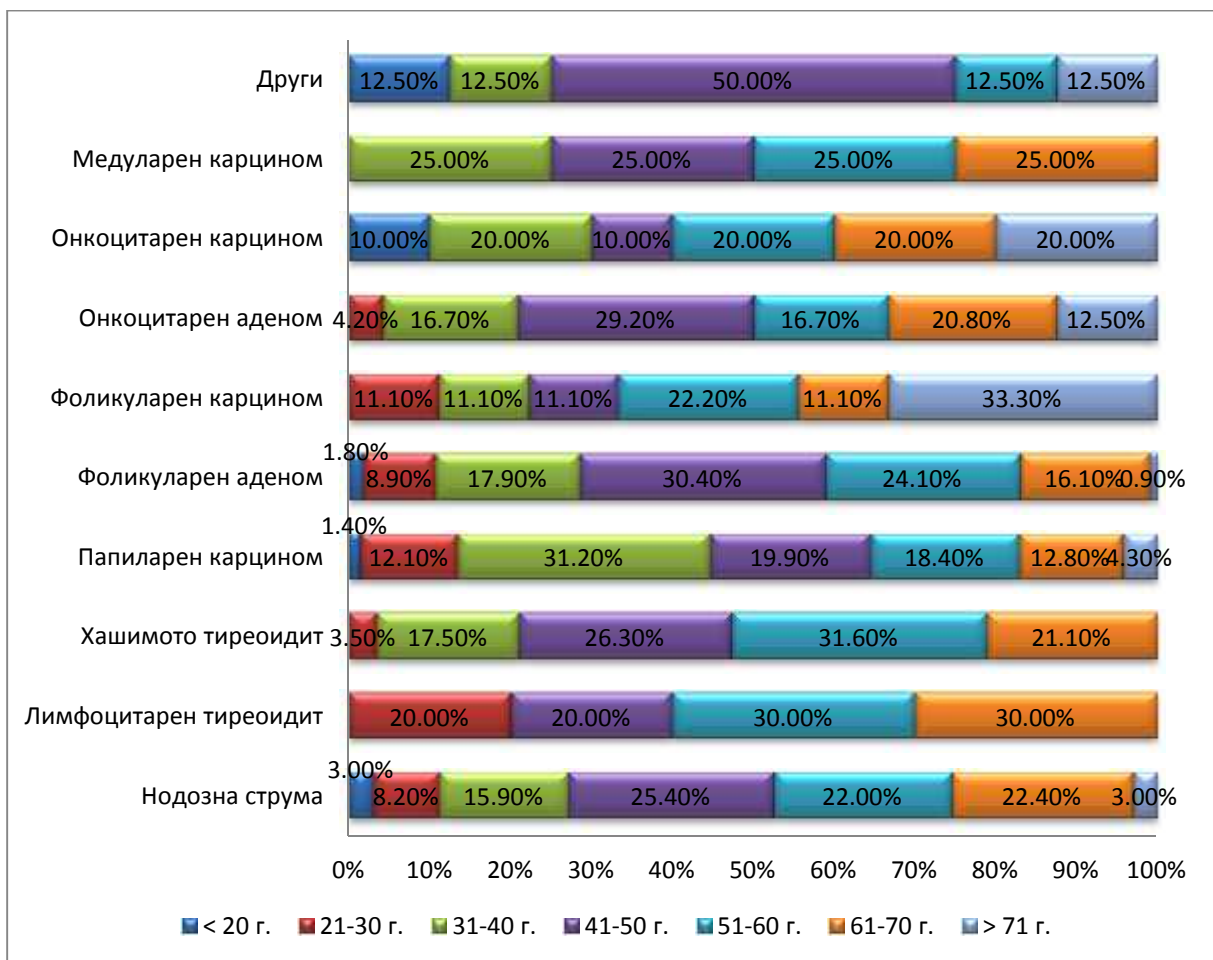
(RR=2.875 (1.822-4.538); p<0.001),
 (RR=1.691 (1.041-2.749; p<0.05).

(RR=1.628 (1.172-2.261; p<0.01).

(RR=2.107 (1.631-2.722); p<0.001).

(r=0.319; p<0.001).

10,17 %

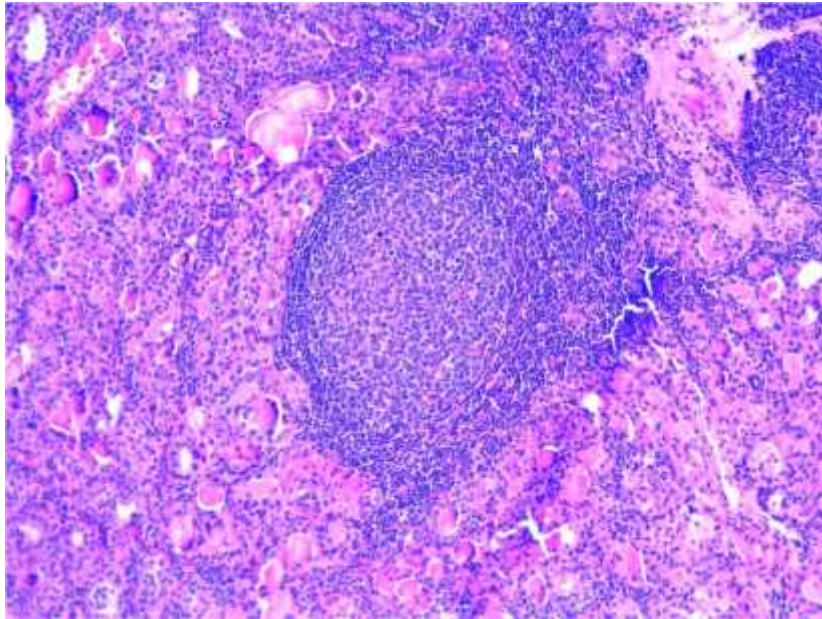


3.

(. 4).

165 , 77 (46,67%)
 , 72 (93,50%) , 2 (2,60%)
 3 (3,90%)

(n=10)



4.

, H&E, x100.

T-

(r=0.346; <0,001).

(1) (. 5).

55,80%

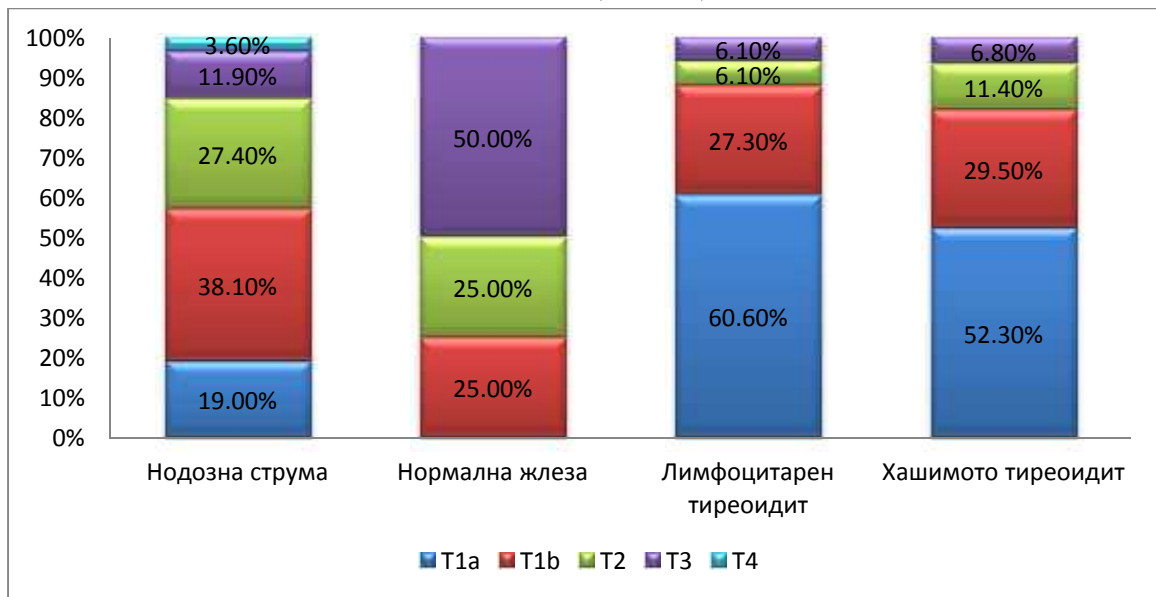
1

. (1),

65,50%

1

1,1 4 (1b- 2).



5.

().

(70,0% 18,20%) (RR=3,85 (1.516-9.775; p<0.001).
 ($\chi^2=11,48$; <0,001)
) (r=0.655; <0,001).



6.

. 6

($\chi^2=213,14$; <0,001).

(r=0.393; <0,001).

В Uhliarova et al. (Uhliarova et al., 2017),

46,5±19,7,

46.4±20.9.

23% , B
 Uhliarova, Girardi FM et al. (2017) , 79,6%
 : 1:3.9.
 48.14 .
 51 60 - ,
 31 50 .
 , . B
 Uhliarova et al. (Uhliarova et al., 2017) , . Zhang Yi et al., 2014,
 , -
 ,
 . (Resende de Paiva C et al.,
 2017).
 4 10
 (Matesa-Anic D et al., 2009; Gul K et al., 2010; Mazokopakis EE et al., 2010;
 Konturek A et al., 2013; Paparodis R et al., 2014; Zayed AA et al., 2015; Zhang Y et al.,
 2014).
 , ,
 ,
 (Kumar V et al., 2013). , ,
 ,
 (Pacifico F et al., 2010, Ahn D et al, 2011; Azizi G et al., 2014).
 . IBD ()
 , B C
 , Helicobacter pylori
 ,
 (Guarino V et al., 2010).
 , RET/PTC
 (Colotta F et al., 2009),
 .
 (Fridman WH et al., 2011).
 , , .
 (TILs).
 .

4.

10

| | | () | (n) | (n) | +T () | %TK | RR |
|--------|-------|-----|-----|------|-----------|------------------|--------|
| (2013) | 7545 | | 636 | 452 | 53.5 | 23.45% (106/452) | 3.14 |
| (2009) | 10508 | | 269 | 2156 | 50 | 1.95% (42/2156) | 0.72 |
| (2010) | 613 | | 171 | 92 | 43 | 43.48% | 1.729 |
| | | | 11 | | | 1.09% | 0.566 |
| | | | 5 | | | 0 % | 0.510 |
| | | | 1 | | | 1.09% | 16.839 |
| (2010) | 140 | | 32 | 42 | 49.3 | 28.57% (12/42) | 1.400 |
| (2014) | 647 | | 134 | 108 | 43.3 | 37.96%(41/108) | 2.20 |
| | | | 2 | | | 0% | 0.99 |
| | | | 4 | | | 1.85%(2/108) | 4.99 |
| | | | 3 | | | 0% | 0.71 |
| | | | 1 | | | 0.93%(1/108) | 14.86 |
| (2014) | 2718 | | 807 | 567 | - | 42.68%(242/567) | 1.63 |
| | | | 56 | | | 1.76%(10/567) | 0.83 |
| (2015) | 863 | | 15 | 78 | 51.3 | 20%(3/15) | 2.04 |
| | | | 137 | | | 5.84%(8/137) | 0.60 |
| | | | 27 | | | 0(0/27) | 0.18 |
| (2017) | 607 | | 141 | 117 | - | 34%(40/117) | 1.55 |
| | | | 9 | | | 1.7% (2/117) | 1.21 |
| | | | 10 | | | 0 | 0 |
| | | | 4 | | | 1.7%(2/117) | 1.21 |
| | | | 1 | | | 0 | 0 |

(French et al. 2010). DG Villagelin et al.

157

: , (8 ,) . ,

(Villagelin et al. 2011).

, J French et al. (2010)

100

:

(TILs).

TILs

TILs

2014

Imam S et al.

TILs. TILs „

“

, . . .

Imam et al., 2014).

(Mellman et al., 2011;

al., 2015).

(Gul K et al., 2010, Ahn D et al, 2011; Girardi F et

(Zhang Yi et al., 2014).

et al., 2016).

(Zhu F

49.60%

31 40

41 50

T-

1

1b

T2

N-

1

4.2.

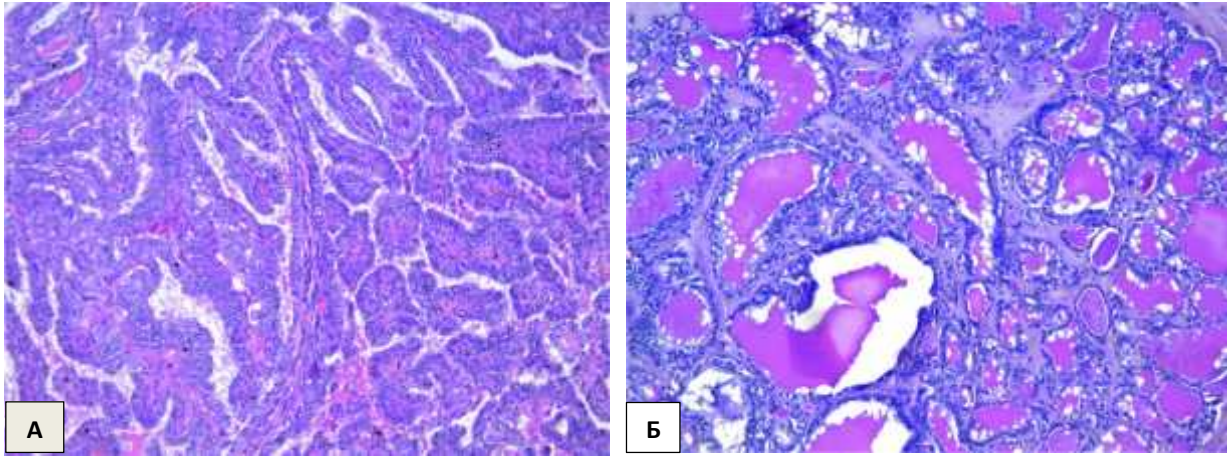
122 ,
 ” . “ ,
 . 5.

5. - ,

| | | (n=69) | (n=53) |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | 7/ 10,10 % | 11/ 20,80 % |
| | | 62/ 89,90 % | 42/ 79,20 % |
| | mean±SD (range) | 45,9 . ± 14,5 . (17-75 .) | 49,3 . ± 13,3 . (16-72 .) |
| | | 29/ 42,00 % | 39/ 73,60 % |
| | | 4/ 5,80 % | 3/ 5,70 % |
| | | 11/ 15,90 % | 5/ 9,40 % |
| | | 25/ 36,20 % | 6/ 11,30 % |
| | | 57/82,60 % | - |
| | | 4/5,80 % | - |
| | | 5/7,20 % | - |
| | | 3/4,30 % | - |
| | | - | 45/84,90 % |
| | | - | 8/15,10 % |
| | mean±SD (range) | 1,34 . ± 0,99 . (0,10 – 5,00 .) | 1,80 . ± 1,03 . (0,30 – 4,50 .) |
| | | 27/ 39,10 % | 25/ 47,20 % |
| | | 27/ 39,10 % | 27/ 50,90 % |
| | | 11/ 15,90 % | - |
| | | 4/ 5,90 % | 1/ 1,90 % |

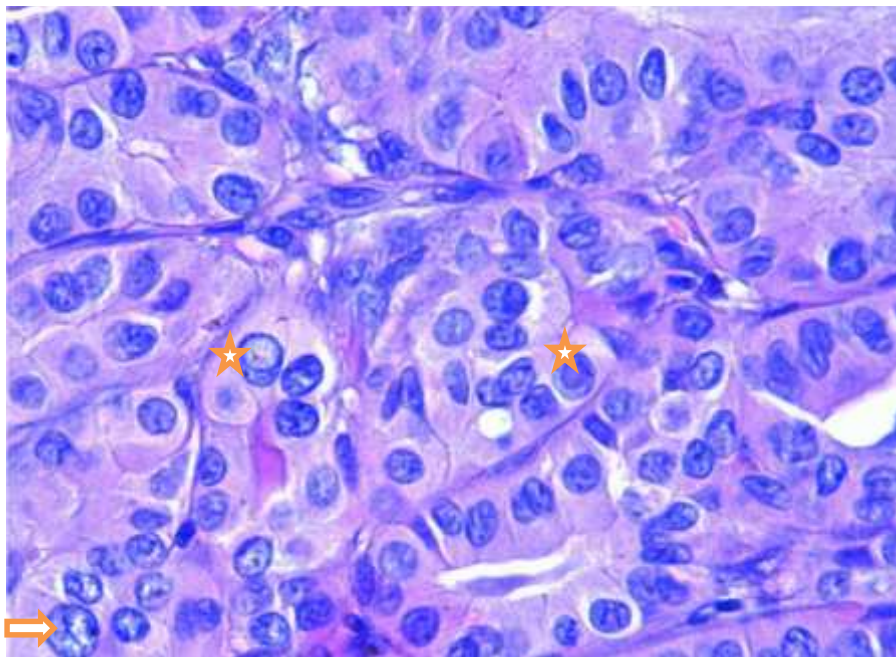
: 7 (), 8, 9 (), 10 ()

8



7. -

, H&E, x100;
, H&E, x40.



8. () ()

, H&E, x400.

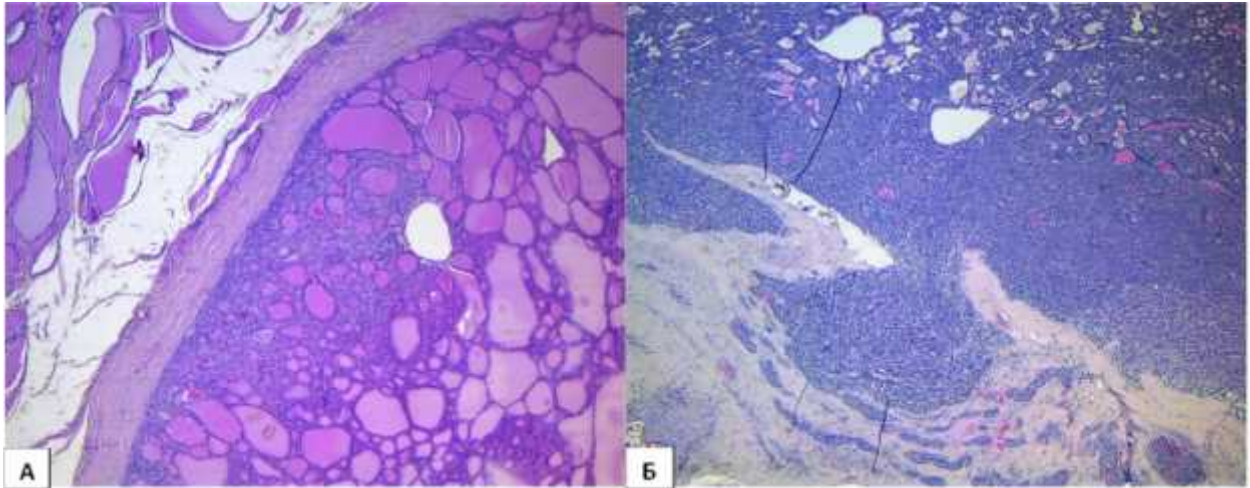
2017

9 10

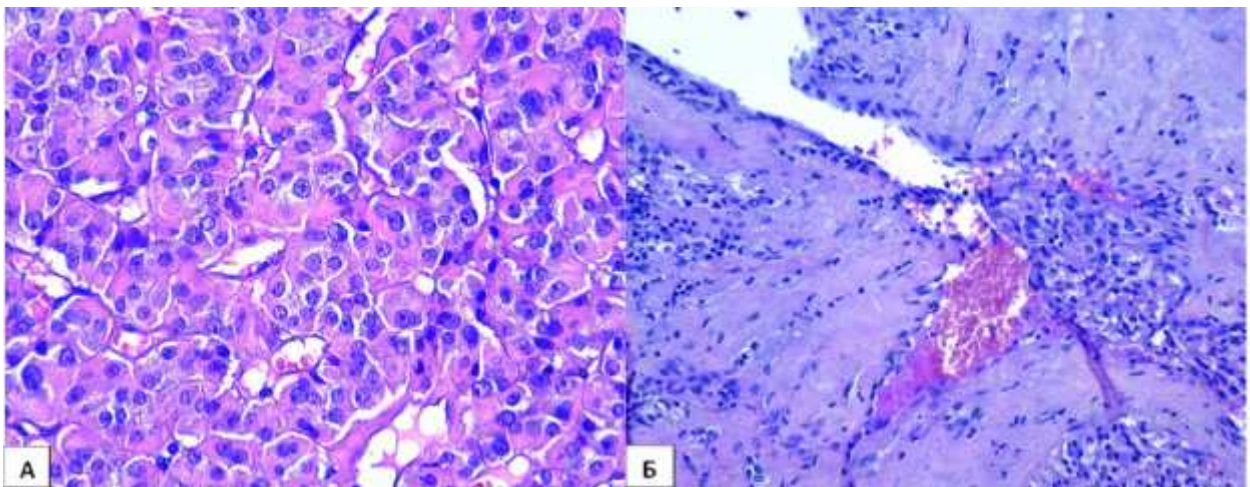
(²=2,68;

<0,05).
(0,832-6,468)).

(OR=2,32



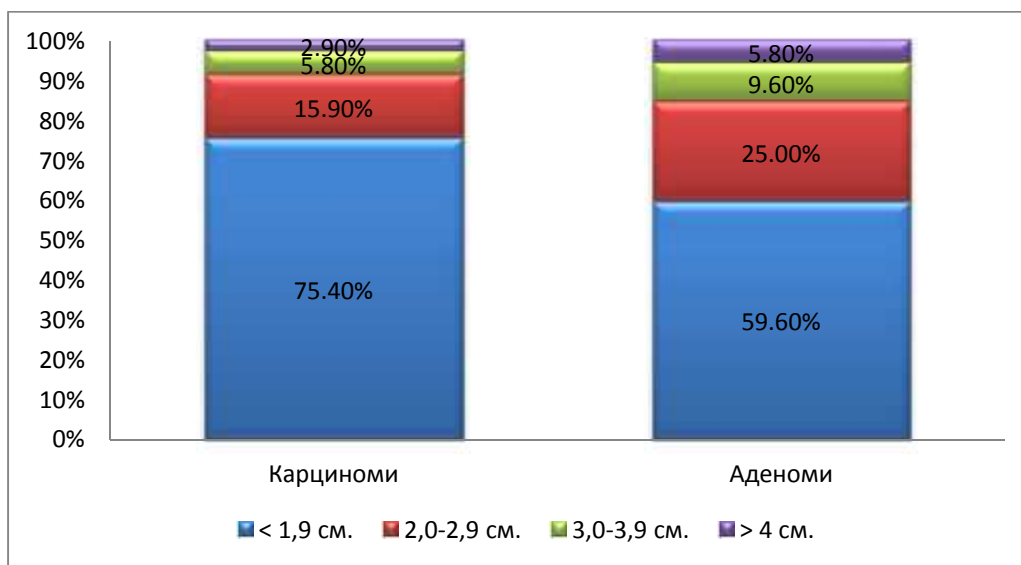
9. A – , H&E, x40;
- , H&E, x40.



10. A – , H&E, x400;
- , H&E, x200.

52,10%

($\chi^2=13,65$; $p=0,003$).
(
) , 73,60%



11.

(=0,014),
 (75,40%)
 2,0 .., 40,40% 2,0 .
 (. 11).
 2 . (OR=2.07 (0.951-4.515); p<0.05).

66,70%), 2 2 . (84,20%
 (=0,003).

6

2017 .., 17 (24,60%) /
 47,10% 12

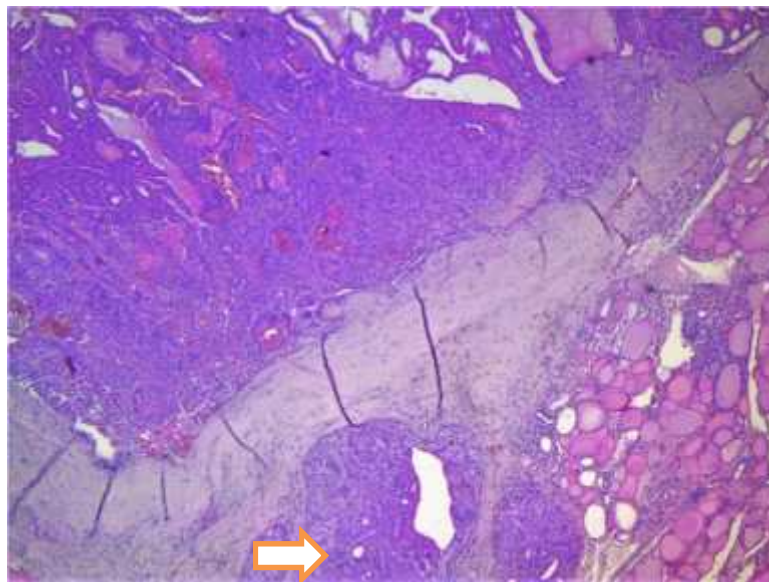
(<0,001).
 (59,40%).

(r=0.408; p<0.001).
 (OR=3,09 (1,718-5,553);

p<0.001).

6.

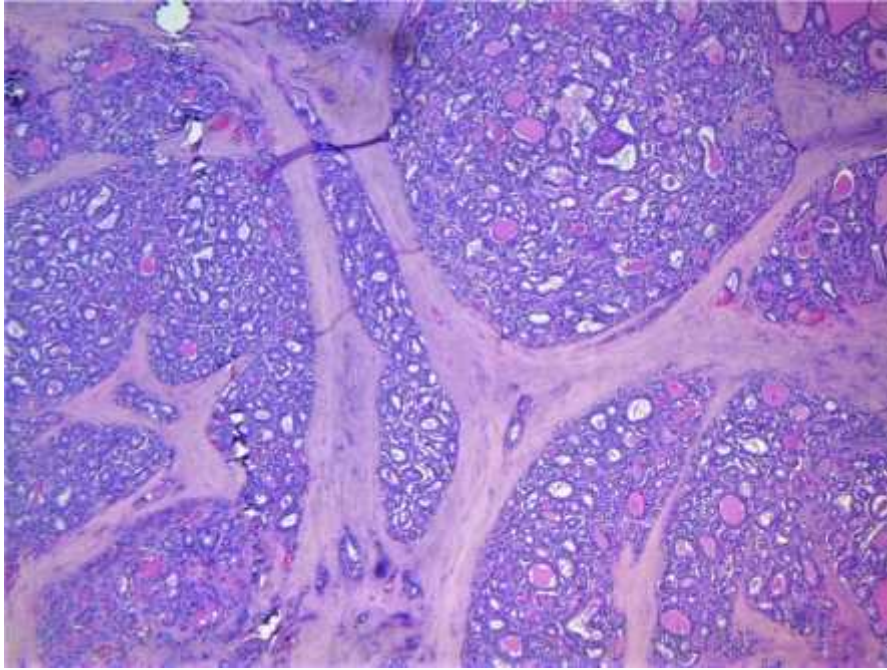
| | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------|---------|
| | | | | 2 | |
| | | 52/75,40 % | - | 69,61 | < 0,001 |
| | | 17/24,60 % | 53/ 100 % | | |
| | | 28/ 40,60 % | 43/ 81,10 % | 20,26 | < 0,001 |
| | | 41/ 59,40 % | 10/ 18,90 % | | |
| | | 68/ 98,60 % | 53/ 100 % | 0,77 | 0,566 |
| | | 1/1,40 % | - | | |
| | | 55/ 79,70 % | 3/ 5,70 % | 65,91 | < 0,001 |
| | | 14/ 20,30 % | 50/ 94,30 % | | |
| | | 36/ 52,20 % | 42/ 79,20 % | 31,16 | < 0,001 |
| | | 4/ 5,80 % | 11/ 20,80 % | | |
| | | 29/ 42,00 % | - | | |
| | | 64/ 92,80 % | 45/ 84,90 % | 4,09 | 0,129 |
| | | 4/ 5,80 % | 3/ 5,70 % | | |
| | | 1/ 1,40 % | 5/ 9,40 % | | |



12.

(), H&E,

x40.



13.

, H&E, x40.

7

69%. 81% 13

7.

(), (), (), (), (), ().

| | % | % | % | % | % |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 59% | 81% | 80% | 60% | 69% |

($r=0.595$; $p<0.001$).

35,4%

($r=0.735$; $p<0.001$).

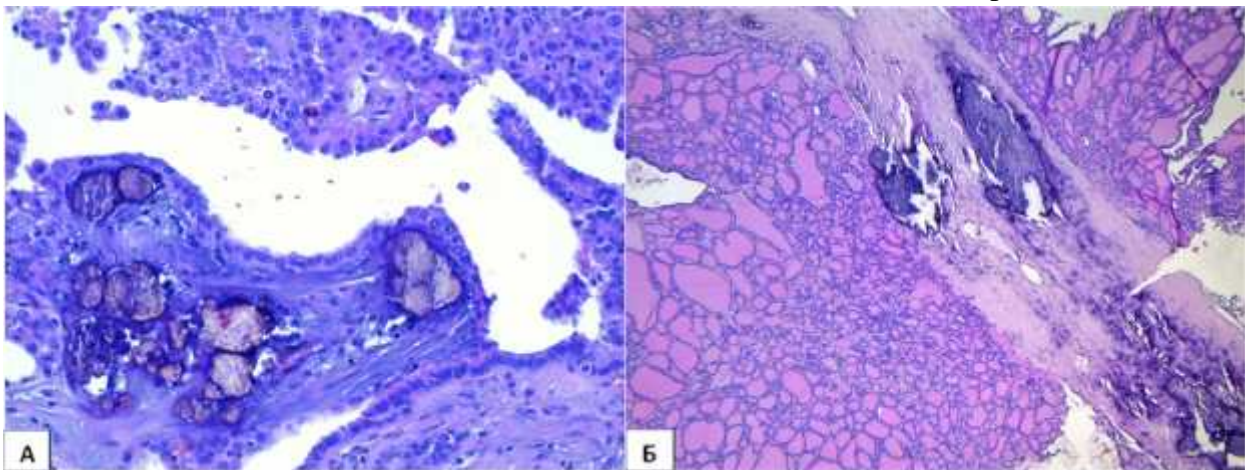
: ($<0,001$).
(42,0%),

14 (A,B)

($r=0.405$; $p<0.001$).

() ($r=0.506$; $p<0.001$).

(OR=10,50 (1,856-59,401); $p<0.001$).



14. A - $H&E$, $x100$; - $H&E$, $x40$.

8.

() ,
() , () , () ,

()).

| | % | % | % | % | % |
|--|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| | 42% | 100% | 100% | 57% | 67% |
| | 20% | 94% | 73% | 60% | 62% |

8

9

:

9.

(), (), (), (), ().

| | % | % | % | % | % |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 55% | 90% | 86% | 64% | 72% |

1,80±1,03

1,34±0,99

(Zhu et al., 2016),

(McCoy KL et al., 2007).

(Rausei et al., 2011, McHenry CR et al., 2008).

(Godazandeh G et al., 2016),

(34.93±11.86)

e (42.37±12.26)

(p=0.002).

(2009),

al. (2014),

SN Pinchot et al.

Rosario et

(Zhang Y et al., 2014; Zhu F et al., 2016;

Uhliarova B et al., 2017).

(Rahbari R et al., 2010).

. Negri et al.

(Negri et al., 1999).

37 986

40-79

86

70%

index)

(Pham TM et al, 2009).

12

(Sakoda LC et al., 2002).

(Rahbari R et al., 2010).

(Lee LM et al., 2005).

(Zeng Q et al., 2008).

(Rajoria et al., 2010).

Vannucchi et al.

123

G

87.5%

(Vannucchi G et al., 2010).

(Bertakis KD et al., 2009).

(Wang et al.,

2006; Triggiani V et al., 2008).

(Johannessen JV et al., 1980).

et al., (2013) (Lloyd RV et al., 2017). Kim

()

C et al., (2016) . Zhu

et al., (2009) () . Bai Y

()

(Hwang RF et al., 2008; Zhang C et al., 2009; Mujtaba SS et al., 2013).

(Butcher et al., 2009).

(Lo et al., 2000).

(Paszek et al., 2005). Paszek et

al.

. Levental KR

et al. (2009)

Worthley DL et al. (2010)

2018).

M Takeda et al. (2018)

(Takeda M et al.,

113

. Liu X et al. (2018)

511

, 340

2

- 2

4.3.

C 19

10. C 19

| | | | | | | | | OA | |
|---------------------------|--------|---|----|----|---|---|----|----|---|
| Palo S., Biligi DS (2017) | % | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | - | 7 | - | |
| | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 2 | - | |
| | | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | - | 2 | - | |
| | | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | - | 3 | - | |
| | | 4 | 15 | 5 | 0 | - | 0 | - | |
| | | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | - | 10 | - | |
| | | 1 | 4 | 8 | 0 | - | 2 | - | |
| | | 2 | 12 | 3 | 0 | - | 2 | - | |
| | (2018) | % | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | |
| 3 | | | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 4 | | | 8 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | |
| | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 9 | 4 | |
| | | 2 | 8 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | |

10

19

(Palo S. et al., 2017).

CK19

($\chi^2=56,59$; $<0,001$).

($r=-0,713$; $<0,001$) 50,80%

CK19 (15).

CK19

(16- ,).

17-)

10

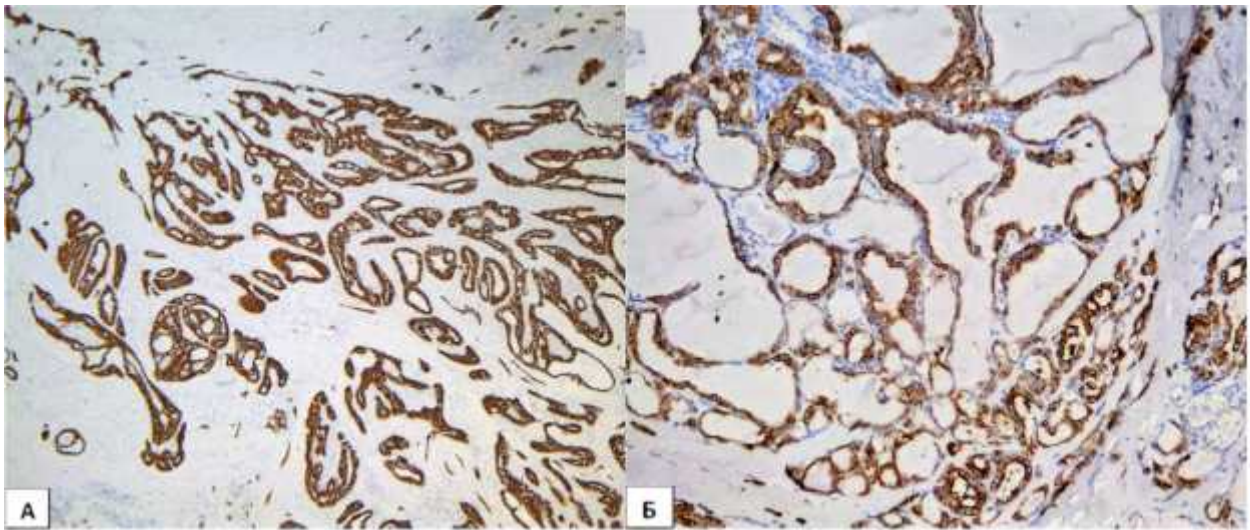
/

1/3

(17-).

19 ($>0,05$).

($>0,05$).



15. - CK19 (, x40);
 - CK19 (, x100).

19

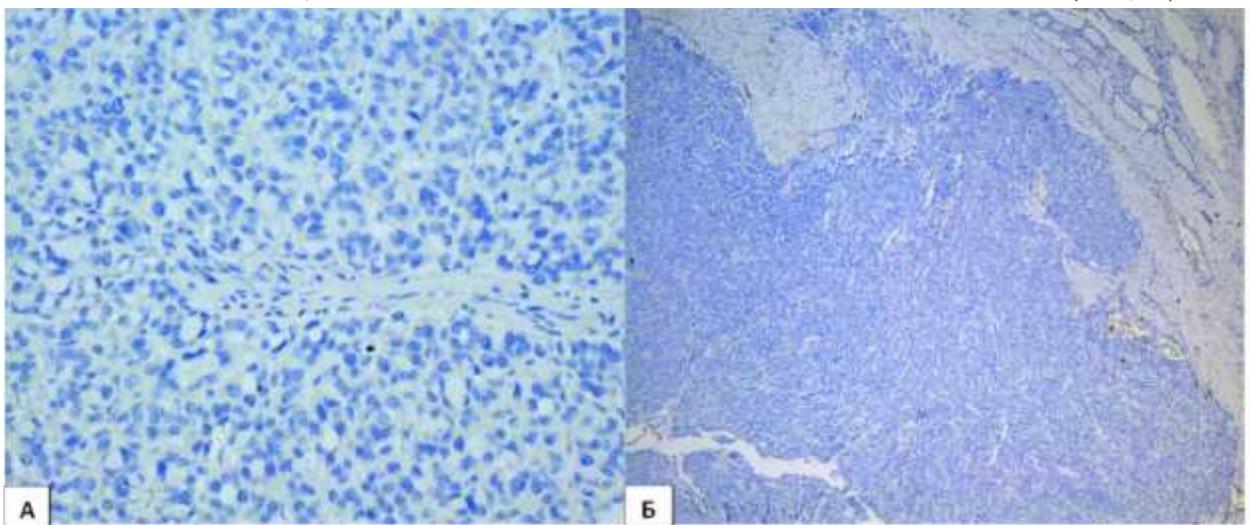
($\chi^2=43,75$; $<0,001$).

($r=-0,614$; $<0,001$) 37,70%

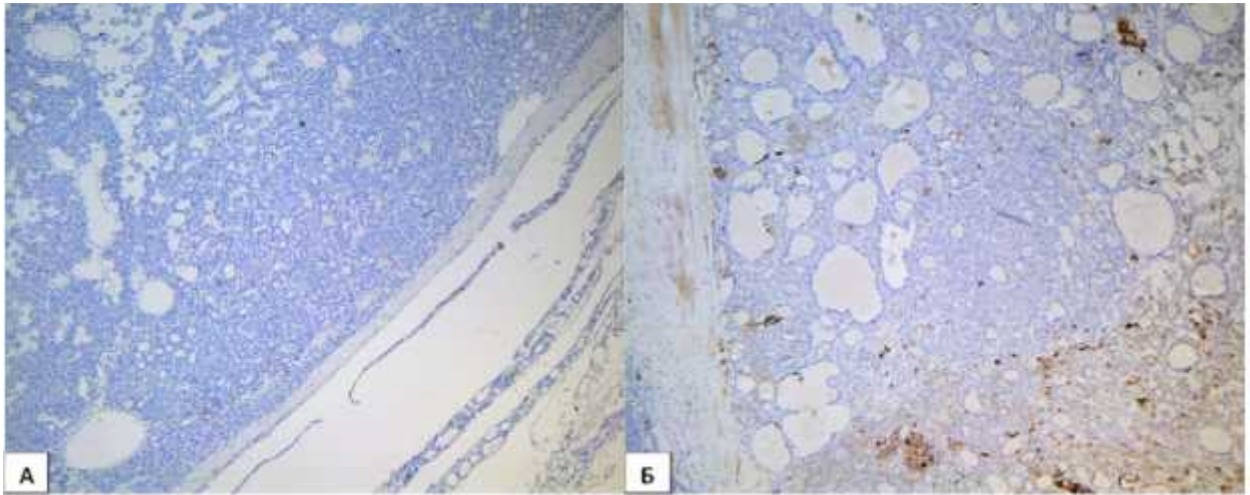
(18).

19

($>0,05$).



16. - CK19 (,),
 200x; - CK19 (,), x40.



17. - CK19 (),
 x40; - CK19 (), x40.

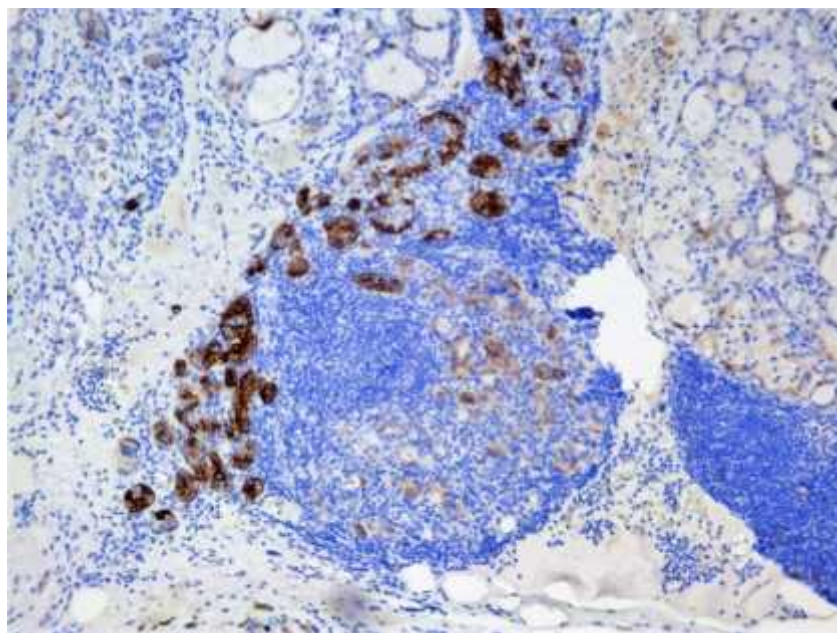
CK19

CK19.

CK19

CK19

(10
).



18. CK 19 , x40.

CK19 (18).
 CK19 – . . .
 o e H&E,
 11 19
 , 19 (82,50%)
 (40,00%), . . . 19
 , 11
 (), (), (),
 (), ().

11. CK19

| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| Dun erovi D et al., (2015) | 75.4 | 70.9 | 80.0 | 65.12 | - |
| Palo S et al., (2017) | 75.0 | 71.4 | 87.1 | 52.6 | 74.0 |
| (2018) | 82.5 | 40.0 | 68.8 | 58.8 | 66.2 |

12 19
 (82,50%), (82,50%)

12. CK19

| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Saleh et al., (2010) | 84.6 | 50.0 | 65.7 | 74.2 | |
| Palo S et al., (2017) | 75.0 | 80.0 | 93.1 | 47.1 | 76.1 |
| (2018) | 82.5 | 30.0 | 82.5 | 30.0 | 72.0 |

19
 100%,
 62,50% 100%.
 (13).
 CK19
 (70,0%).

13. CK19

| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Palo S et al., (2017) | 73.3 | 71.4 | - | - | - |
| Abouhashem et al, (2017) | 85.7 | 83.3 | 66.7 | 93.8 | 84.0 |
| (2018) | 100 | 40.0 | 62.5 | 100 | 70.0 |

CK19
 H&E,

(, 2017).

19

14

14. CK19 K

| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Palo S et al., (2017) | 73.3 | 100 | - | - | - |
| Abouhashem et al, (2017) | 85.7 | 60.0 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 74.9 |
| (2018) | 100 | 40.0 | 71.4 | 100 | 76.0 |

(Jain R et al., 2010). CK19 e

(Jain R et al., 2010, Bose D et al., 2012; Vieites B et al., 2016).

KRT19, CK19 (Dun erovi D et al., 2015; Abouhashem NS et al., 2017, Palo S et al., 2017),

19

(S. Palo, 2017). 14

19

19

19

(>0.05).

19

CK19

Dun erovi D et al., (2015),

(Calangiu CM et al., 2014; Abouhashem NS et al., 2017, Palo S et al., 2017).

15

CK19

19

19

2017)

(Bose D et al., 2012; Abouhashem NS et al.,

15.

CK19

| | / (%) | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | | |
| Liu et al., 2008 | 0/12(0) | 0/13(0) | 2/11(22) | - | 41/53(78) |
| Murhy et al., 2008 | 4/15(27) | 6/14(43) | 2/9(18) | - | 20/20(100) |
| Saleh et al., 2010 | 23/46(50) | 19/22(86.3) | 10/12(83.3) | 17/20(85) | - |
| Siderova et al., 2013 | 1/10(10) | 3/5(60) | 4/5(80) | 12/12(100) | - |
| NechiforBolia et al., 2014 | 0/5(0) | - | 3/5(60) | 4/6(66.7) | - |
| Alshenawy et al., 2014 | 4/7(57) | 8/15(53) | 8/8(100) | 8/8(100) | - |
| Dunderovic et al., 2015 | 6/27(22) | 5/15(33) | 31/40(78) | 75/87(86) | - |
| , 2017 | 5/15 (33.2) | 7/10(70) | 15/15(100) | 10/10(100) | - |

CK19, . . .

CK19. Tsybrovskyy et al., (2009)

(,) ,

19,

19

CK19

2014).

(Jankovic B et al., 2013; Lee JH et al., 2013).

(Colotta F et al., 2009).

19

(82,50%)

(40,00%).

19

Palo S et al., (2017)

H A Alshenawy,

19.

CK19
65% 78%,

100% 77% (Alshenawy HA, et al., 2014).

19

(13).

19

CK19

(14).

Alshenawy HA et al.,

, CK19 100%

47%

19
al., 2016).

(Calangiu CM et al., 2014; Kaliszewski K et

CK19

19

CK19

CK19.

CK19

4.4.

16

()

(Rzeszutko M et al., 2004; Jebreel A

et al., 2007).

(<0,05).

(,) (<0,05).

16.

| | M. Rzeszutko et al. (2004) | | A. Jebreel et al. (2007) | | (2018) | |
|--|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|--------|------|
| | N | mean | N | mean | N | mean |
| | 10 | 30.3 | 25 | 34.5 | 5 | 37.7 |
| | - | - | 8 | 33.3 | 5 | 37.9 |
| | 23 | 24.4 | 7 | 40.3 | 25 | 28.5 |
| | 8 | 33.5 | 10 | 29.1 | 15 | 33.8 |
| | 9 | 18.7 | - | - | 10 | 35.4 |
| | - | - | - | - | 10 | 35.4 |
| | - | - | - | - | 5 | 38.7 |

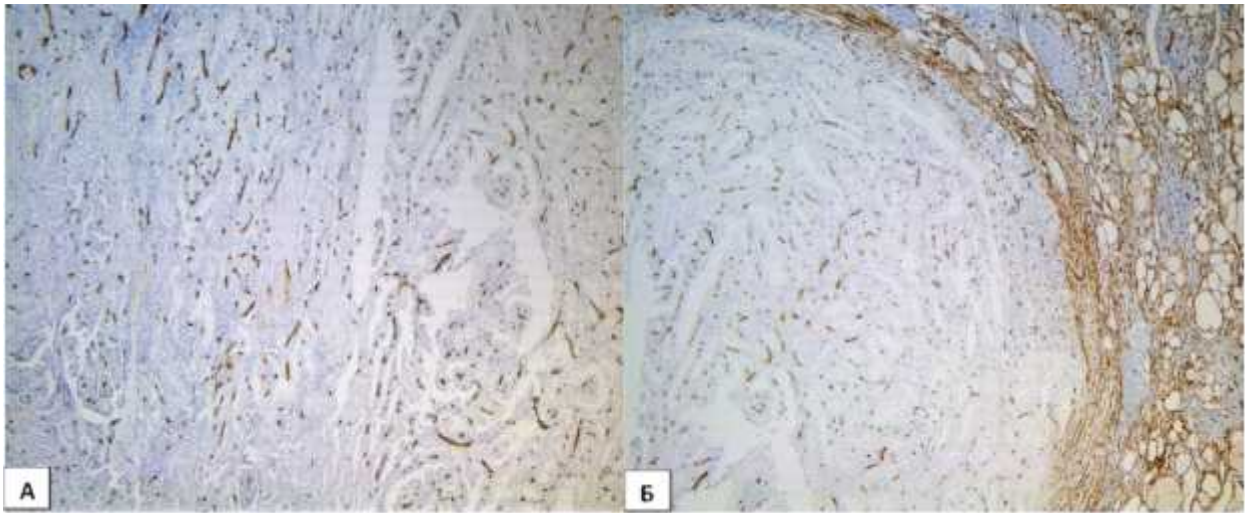
(t=2.4; p<0.05).

(t=3.92; p=0.001). M
 (t=4.43; p=0.001), (t=2.99; p<0.01)
 33,8) (t=2.16; p<0.05). (38,7
)
 (t=5.47; p<0.001) (t=2.63; p<0.05),
 -

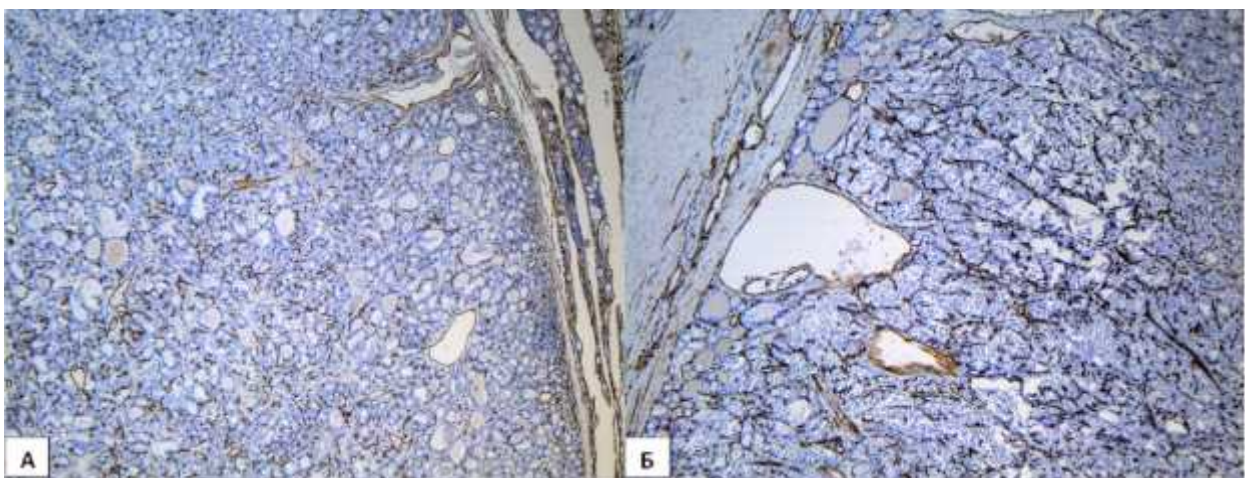
- (19- ,).

- (20- ,).

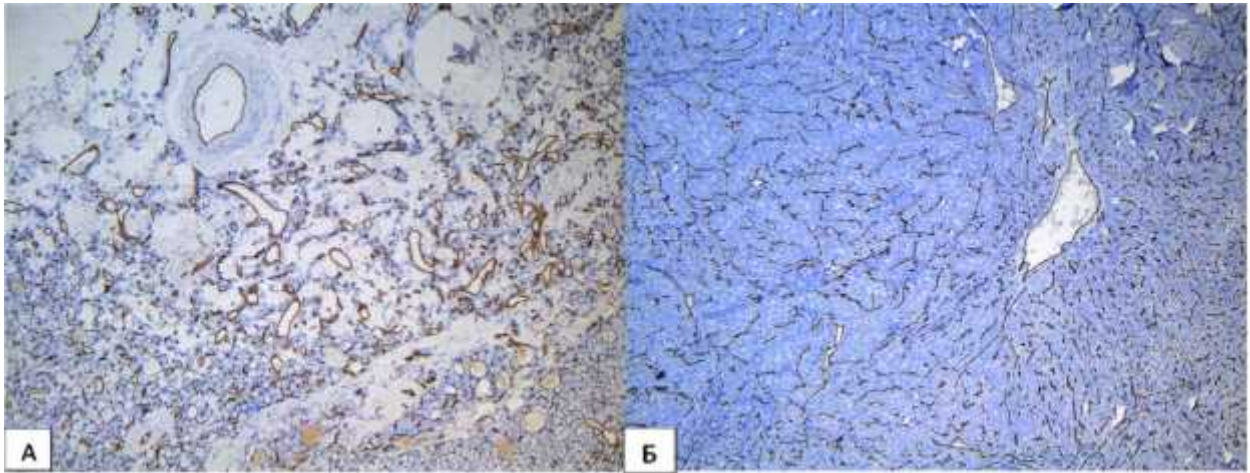
, (21- ,).



19. CD34 — —
 , x40; — , x40.

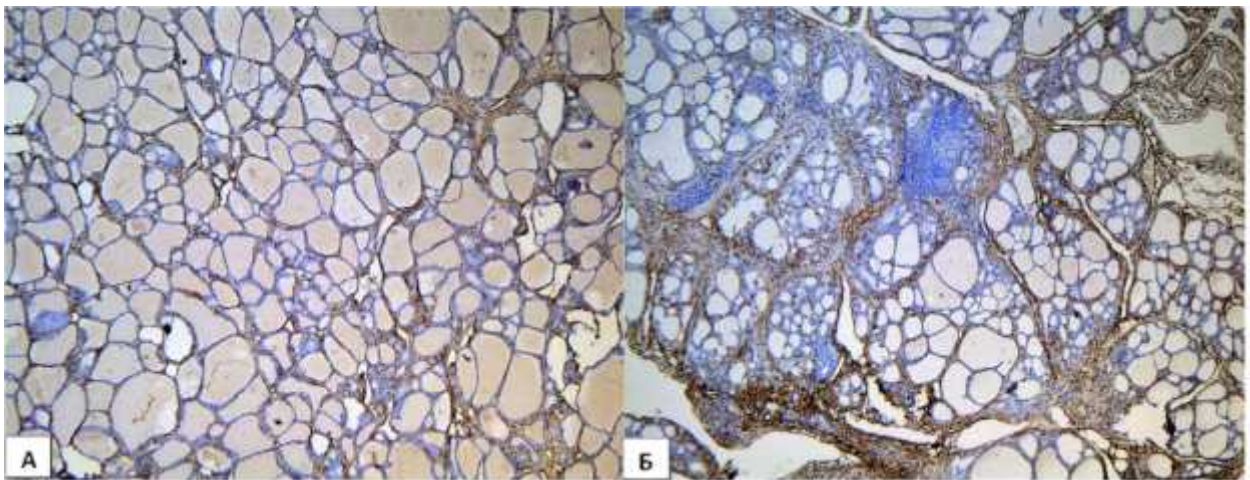


20. CD34 : - —
 - , x40.



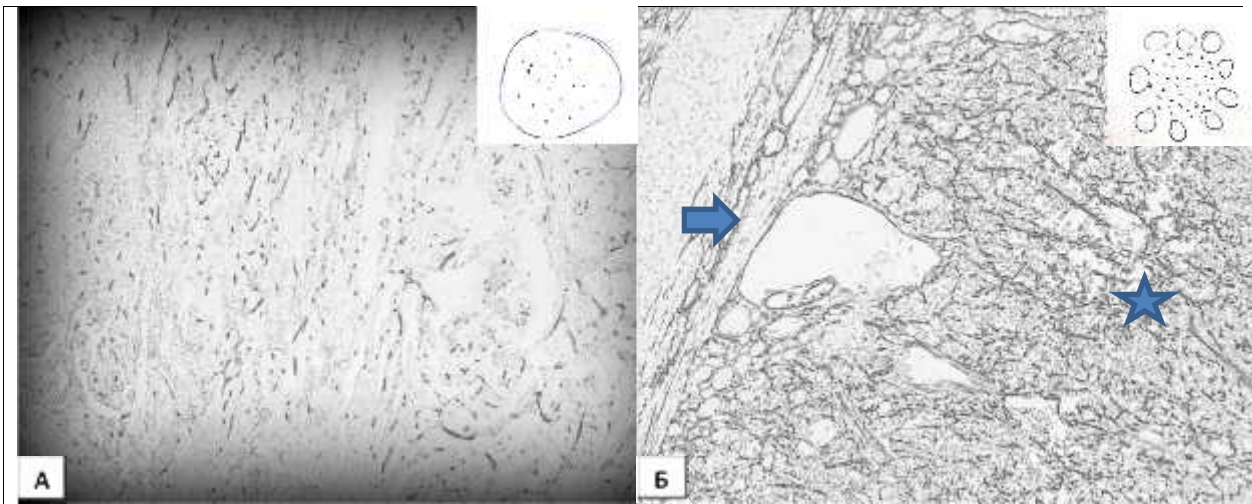
21. — *CD34* : — — , — *x40*.

. 22 *CD34* :



22. — *CD34* *CD34* , *x40*; — *CD34* , *x40*.

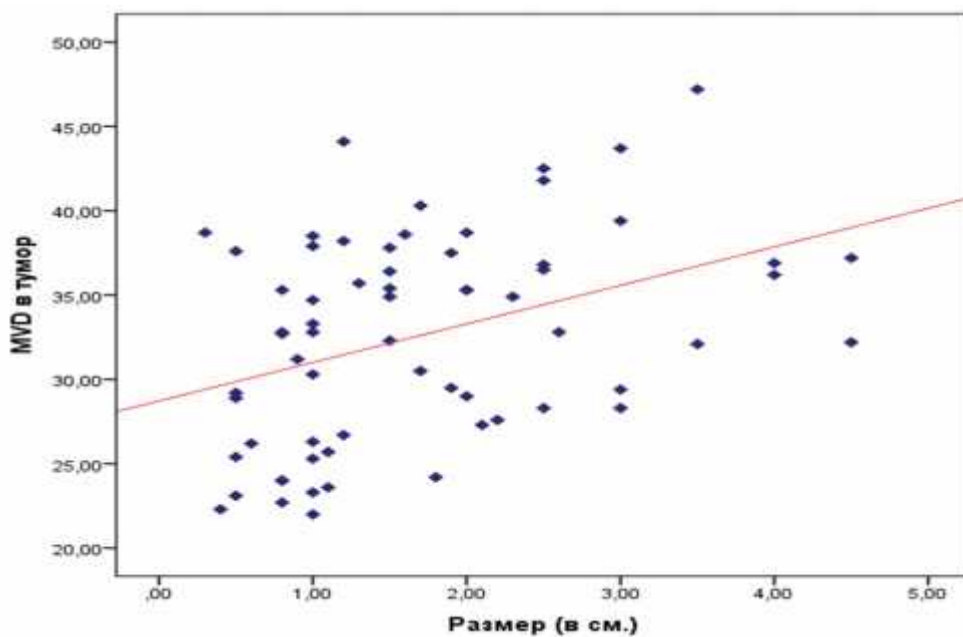
, 23.



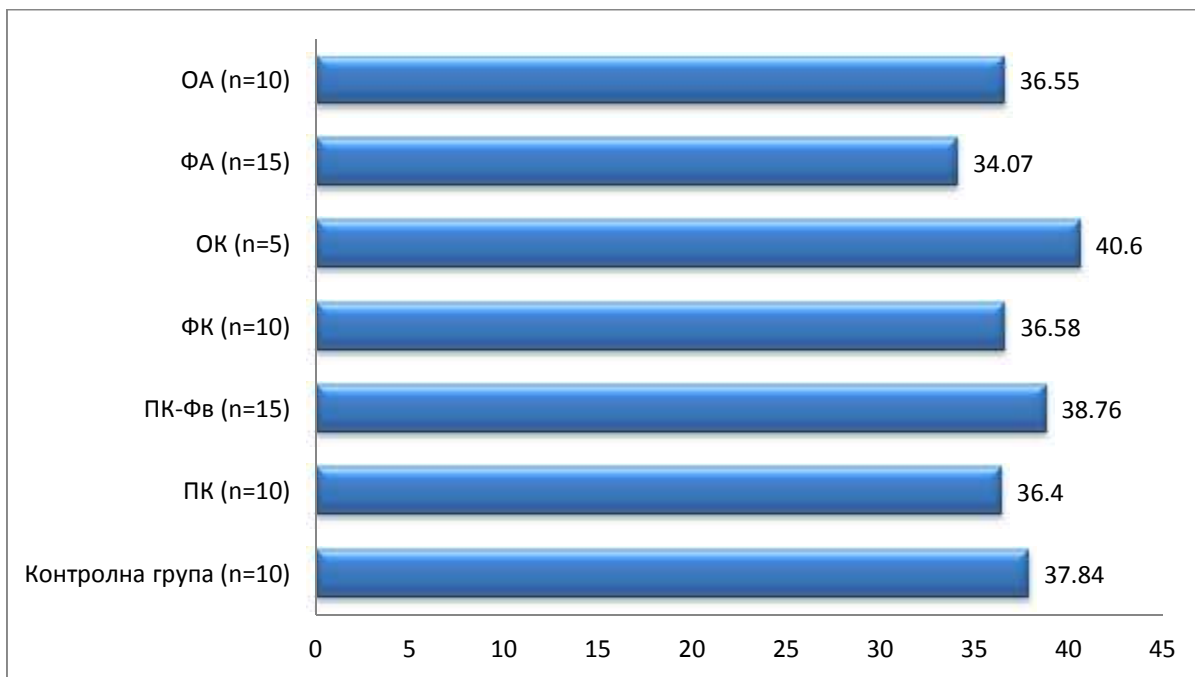
23. – “ ” “ ” “ ” () –

($r=0.386$; $p=0.001$) (. 24).

(. 25).



24.



25.

: , . Rzeszutko et al. (2004)

(. 16).

Rzeszutko et al. (2004)

(Jebreel et al., 2007)

(Karaca Z et al., 2011). De la Torre et al. (2006)

191

(p<0.0001).

2000).

(Friguglietti et al.,

(Tanaka et al., 2002).

Friguglietti et al.,

(, 2014).

. Scarpino et al. (2003)

a

CD34,

4.5.

Bax

Bax 65
: 10 , 15

, 10 , 5 , 15

10 . 26

52,38±42,78%, 0 (

- 100%.

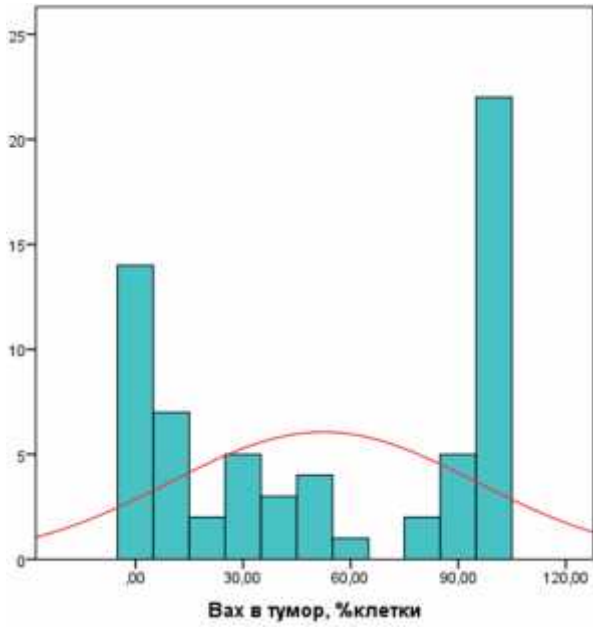
. 27

3,73%±10,97%,

0%, 70%. 10

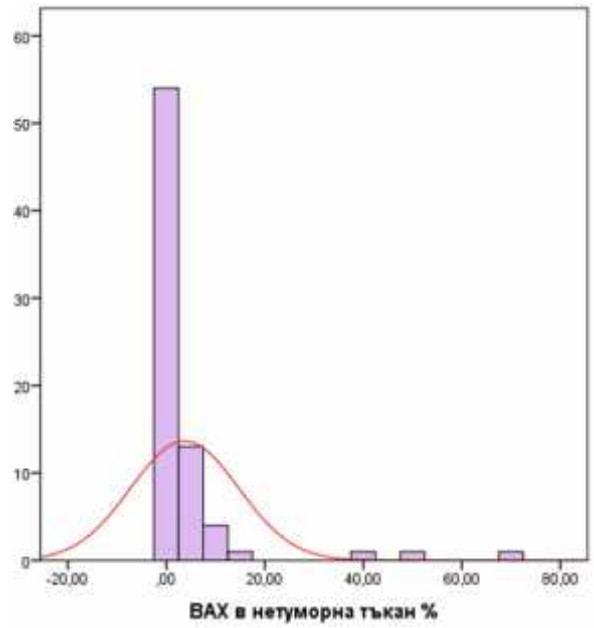
Bax

(>0,001).



26.

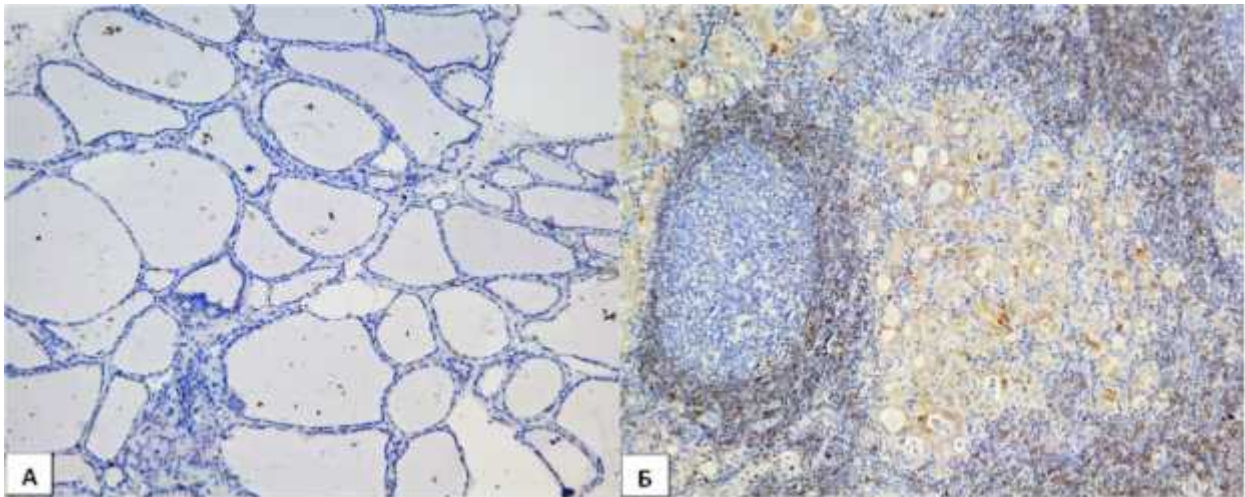
(%)



27.

(%)

Bax (<0,001). Bax



28.

Bax x100; - - - - - x200.

Bax

Bax (28)

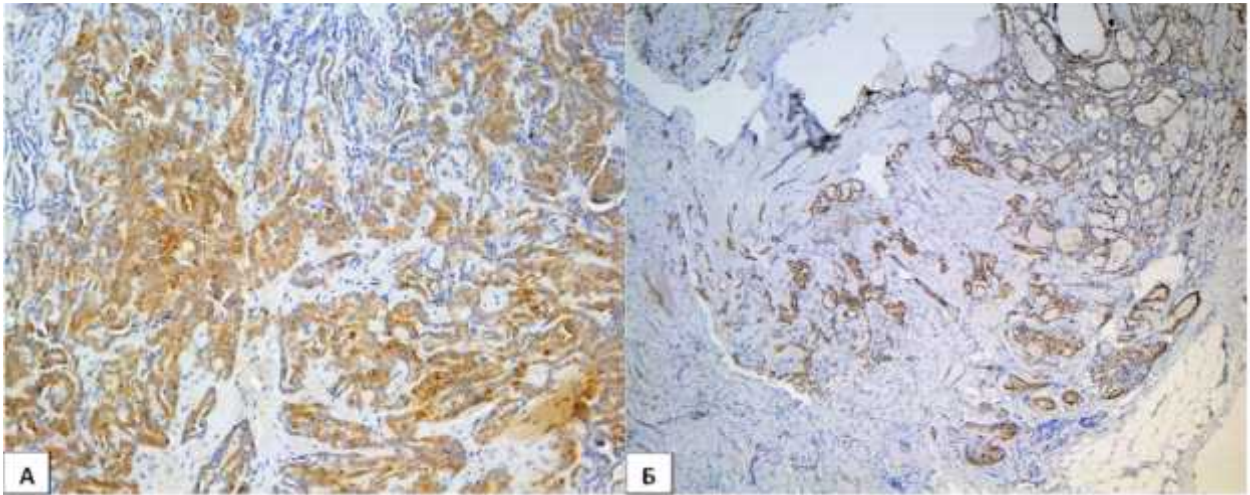
Вар (28).
 29
 (F=8.25; p<0.001).
 (88,33%).
 (19,00%).
 (<0,001).
 7% 3 %



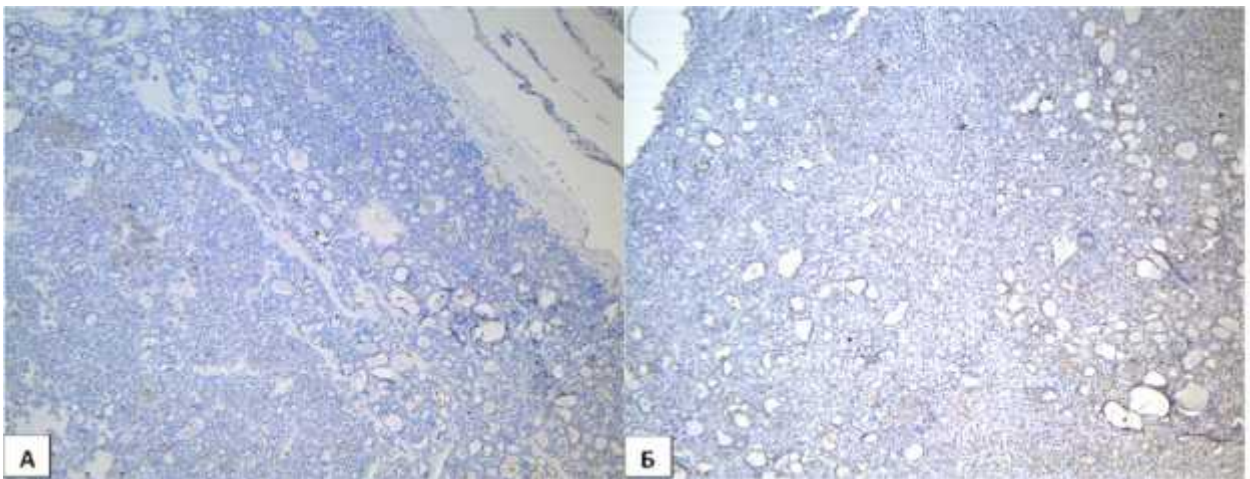
29. % Вар

Вар (30 –
).
 (31 –).
 (50%)
 (32 –). Е Вар
 . Вар,

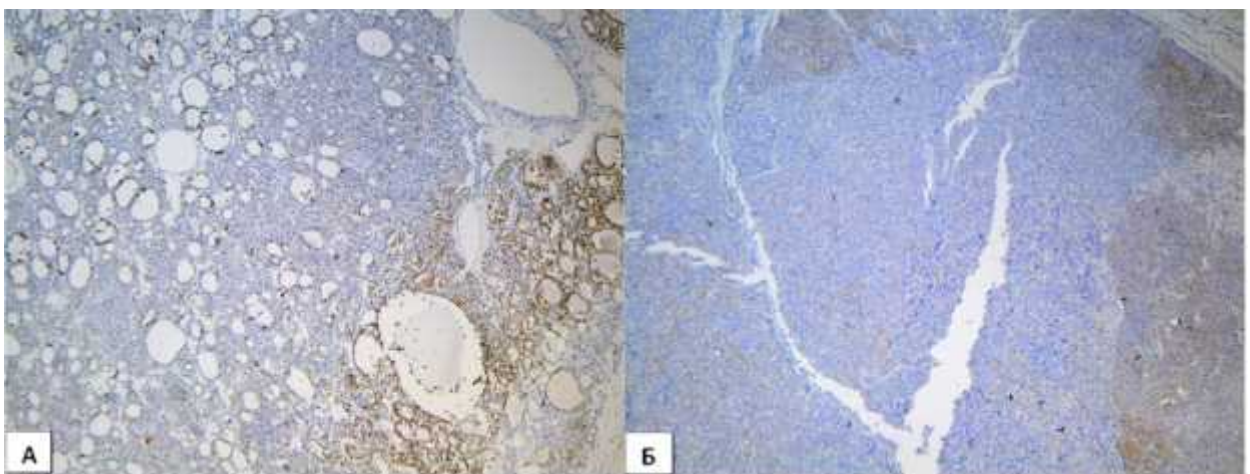
CK19



30. Bax : A - , x100; - x40.

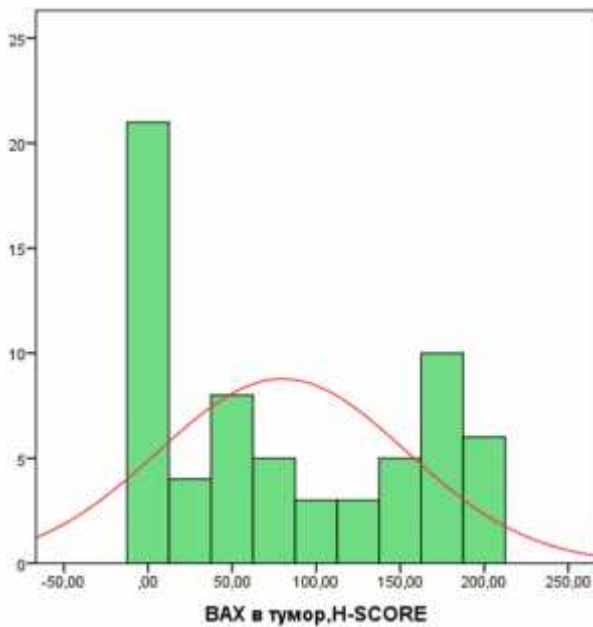


31. Bax : A - , x40; - x40.

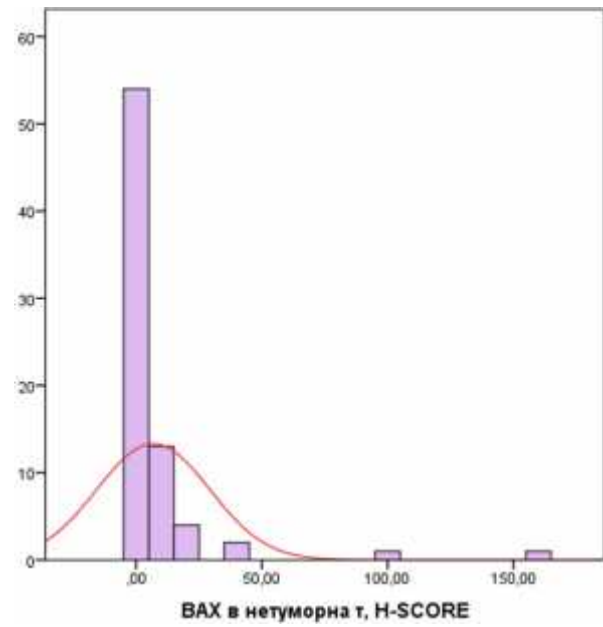


32. Bax : A - , x40; - x40.

33 H-score
 H-score
 79,92±73,87, 0 (. . , 21,50%
), 200 (1,50%).
 34 H-Score Bax
 6,80±22,46, 0
 (72,0%), 160 (1,3 %).
 H-Score
 (<0,001). H-Score
 - , ¾

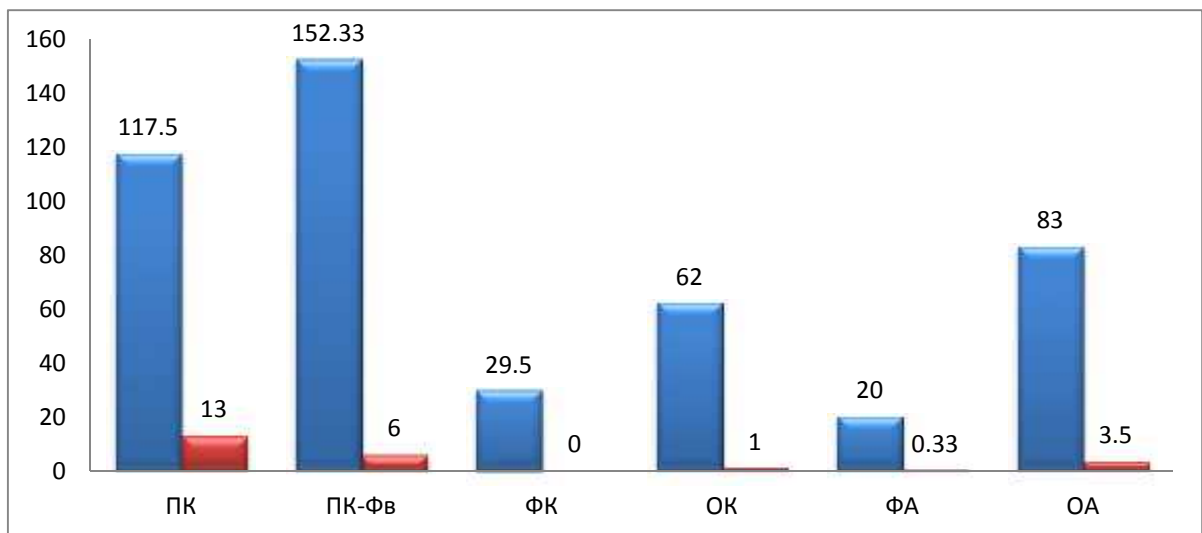


33. H-Score



34. H-Score

35 H-Score
 H-Score (F=11.68; p<0.001). -
 (152,33). -
 (20,00).
 H-Score (<0,001).



35.

H-Score

Bax

17.

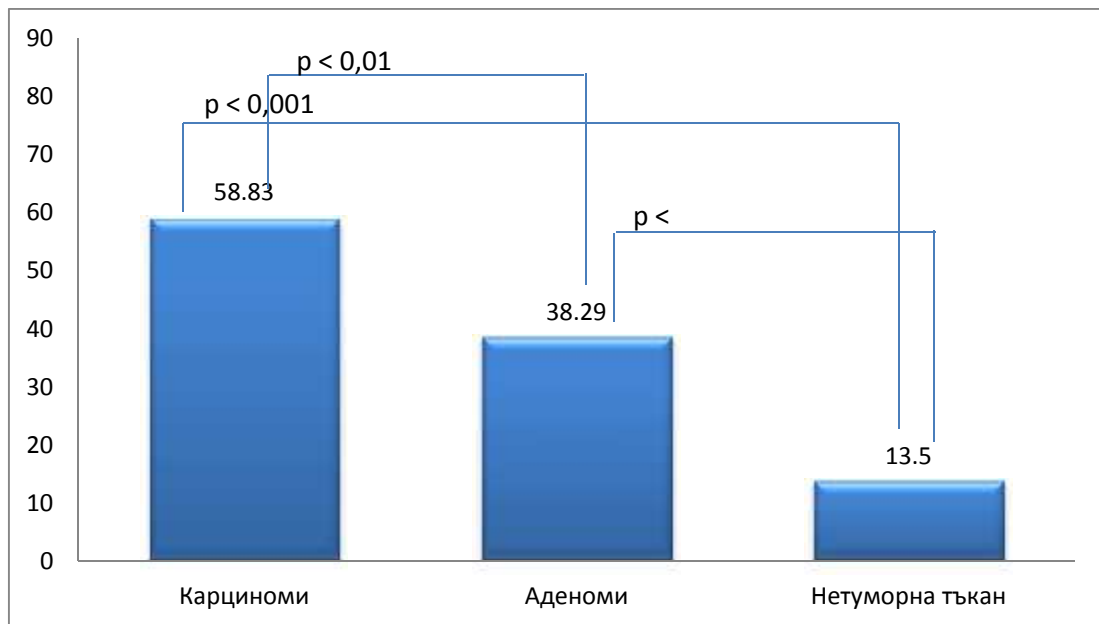
| | | M. Martinez-Brocca et al., 2008 | | | , 2018 | | |
|-----|---------|---------------------------------|------------|------|------------|------------|-------|
| | | 6 (35,3%) | 11 (64,7%) | 0,17 | 3 (50,0%) | 3 (50,0%) | 0,389 |
| | | 10 (17,5%) | 47 (82,5%) | | 21 (35,6%) | 38 (64,4%) | |
| | mean±SD | 40,8±18,0 | 49,8±16,7 | 0,09 | 47,3±11,8 | 51,3±16,1 | 0,282 |
| | | 11 (19,6%) | 45 (80,4%) | 0,12 | 2 (20,0%) | 8 (80,0%) | 0,009 |
| | | - | - | | 1 (6,7%) | 14 (93,3%) | |
| | | 7 (38,9%) | 11 (61,1%) | | 6 (60,0%) | 4 (40,0%) | |
| | | - | - | | 2 (40,0%) | 3 (60,0%) | |
| | | - | - | | 10 (66,7%) | 5 (33,3%) | |
| | | - | - | | 3 (30,0%) | 7 (70,0%) | |
| () | mean±SD | 3,4±1,9 | 2,9±1,5 | 0,31 | 1,9±1,2 | 1,6±0,9 | 0,165 |
| | | - | - | - | 18 (47,4%) | 20 (52,6%) | 0,106 |
| | | - | - | | 3 (27,3%) | 8 (72,7%) | |
| | | - | - | | 3 (18,8%) | 13 (81,2%) | |

(Martinez-Brocca et al., 2008).
Martinez-Brocca et al. (2008)

Важ. , 25%.
25%

(=0,009).

(=0,496; <0,01).



36.

(%)

36

58,83% 38,29%, <0,01).

(<0,001).
 (38,29% 13,5%; <0,001).
 (87,50%)
 (48,00%), . . .
 70% .
 (72,30%).
 (87,50% 70,0%)
 (84,0%).
 93,3%,
 73,7% 90,9%,
 (80,0%).
 (93,30%), (77,70%) (85,70%)
 (80,0%).
 CD34
 (r=0.292; p=0.018).
 19
 (r=0.440; p<0.001). . 18, 19, 20
 (CK19 Bax) :
 ; ; ()
 (), (), ().

18.

CK19 Bax

| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CK19 Bax | 50 | 100 | 100 | 56 | 69 |

19.

CK19 Bax

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| CK19 Bax | 80 | 100 | 100 | 77 | 88 |

20.

CK19 Bax

K.

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| CK19 Bax | 80 | 100 | 100 | 77 | 88 |

CK19 Bax

100%.

(Liu Z et al., 2016).

(Hassan M et al., 2014).

(Liu Z et al., 2016).

Bax

“C”.

(Liu Z et al., 2016).

Bax

Bax

(Liu Z et al., 2016).

Bax
(Hermann S et al., 2001; Haynik DM et al., 2006; Martinez-Brocca MA et al., 2008). M. Martinez-Brocca et al. (2008)

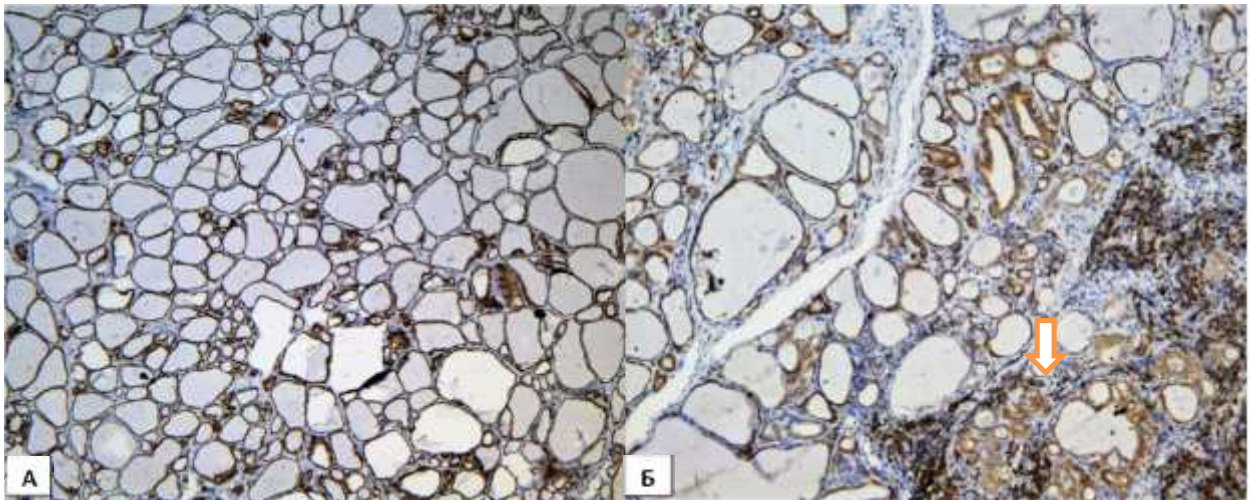
M. Martinez-Brocca et al. (2008)
(Liu Z et al., 2016). CK19,
-3.
E
Bax CK19
H&E.
Bax,
Bax
2014). Bax
Bax-
Bax (Liu Z et al., 2016).
CK19. Bax

4.6. Bcl-2

Bcl-2

(37- ,).

(37).



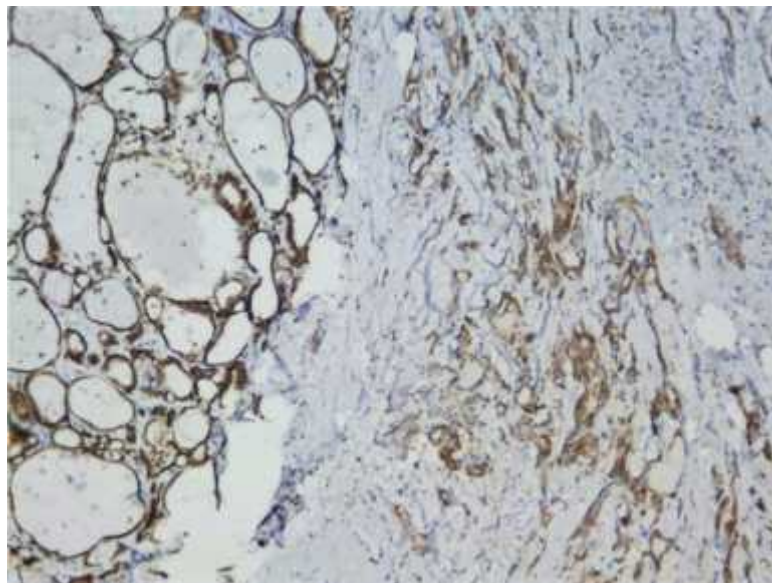
37. - *Bcl-2*
(, *x40*); - *Bcl-2*
(- , *x100*).

Bcl-2

(38).

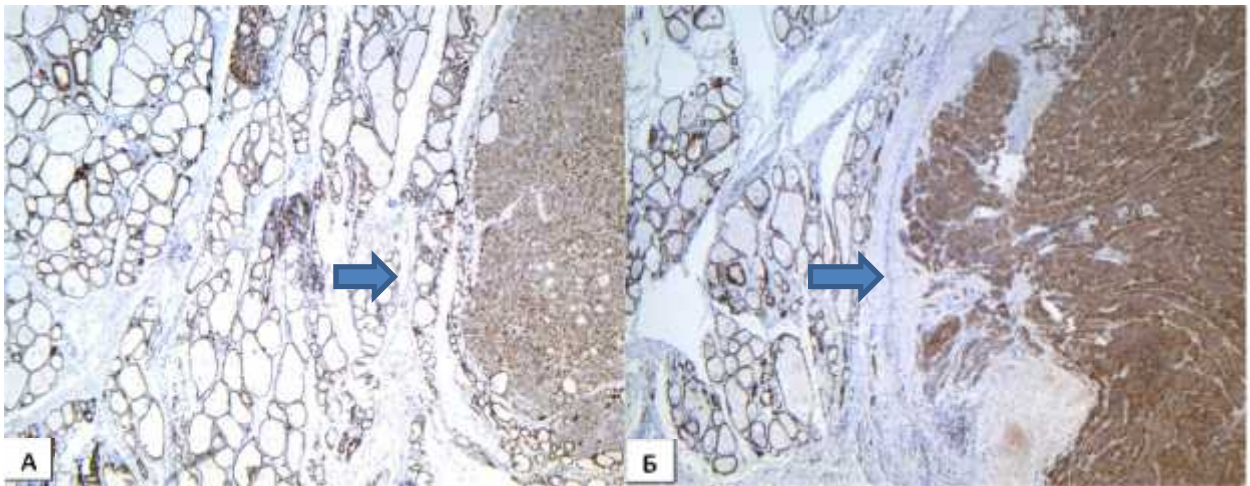
Bcl-2, ()
(39 - ,).
Bcl-2

(40 - ,).

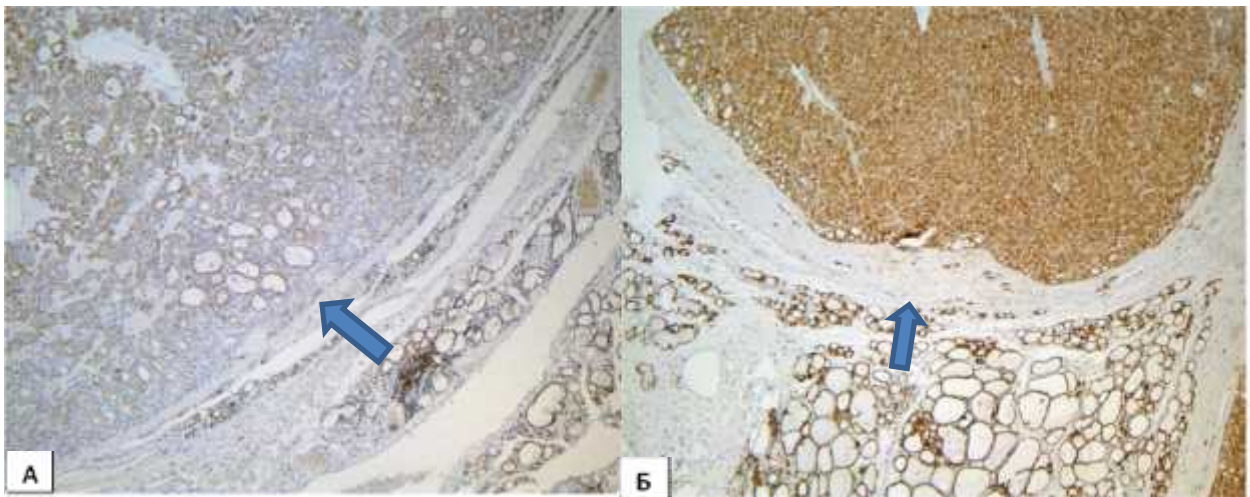


38.

Bcl-2
(); - ,
, , *x100*.

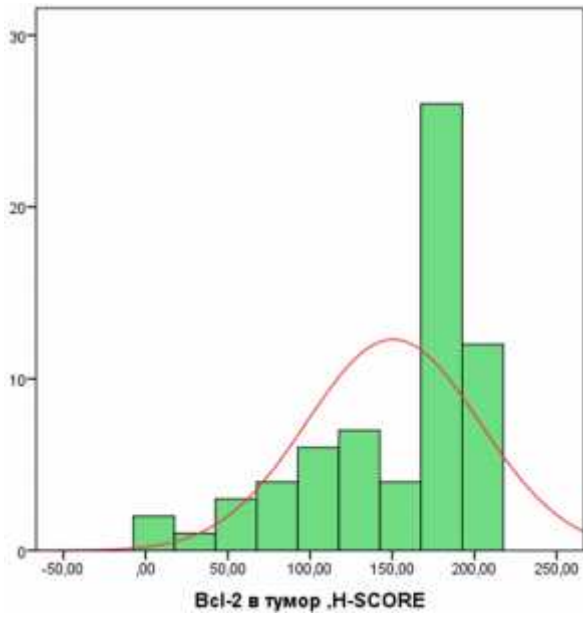


39. - *Bcl-2* ()-
 , *Bcl-2* x40;
 ()- , x40.



40. - *Bcl-2* ()-
 , *Bcl-2* x40;
 ()- , x40.

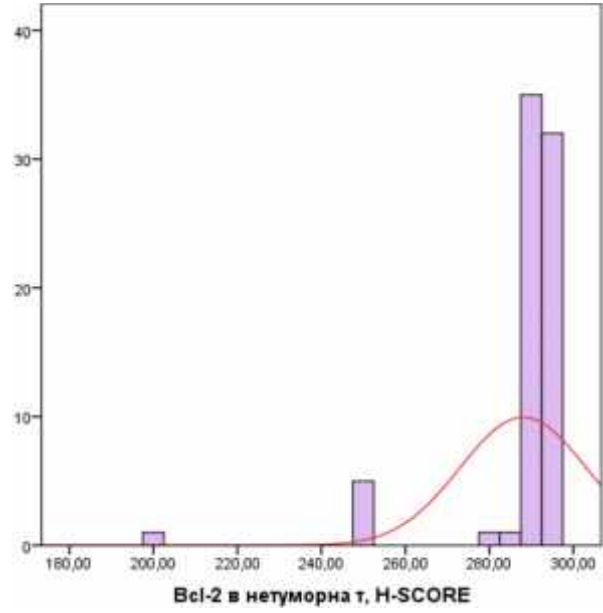
41
Bcl-2 , (H-Score).
 H-score *Bcl-2* 150,54±52,75, 5 (1,50 %),
 205 (4,60 %). 42 H-Score *Bcl-2*
 , . . .), 288,07±15,04,
 200 (1,30 %), 295 (42,70 %).
Bcl-2
 (n=10),
 (>0,05).



41. H-Score

2

Bcl-



42. H-Score

2

Bcl-

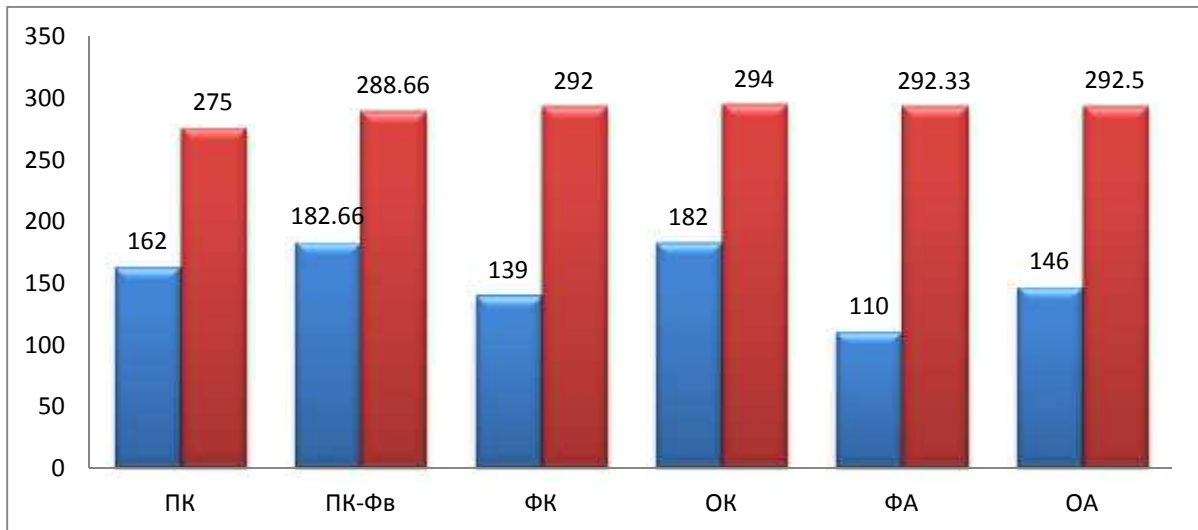
Bcl-2

H-Score

H-Score 290.

H-Score

(<0,05).
89,70%



43.

H-Score

Bcl-2

() ,

() .

43

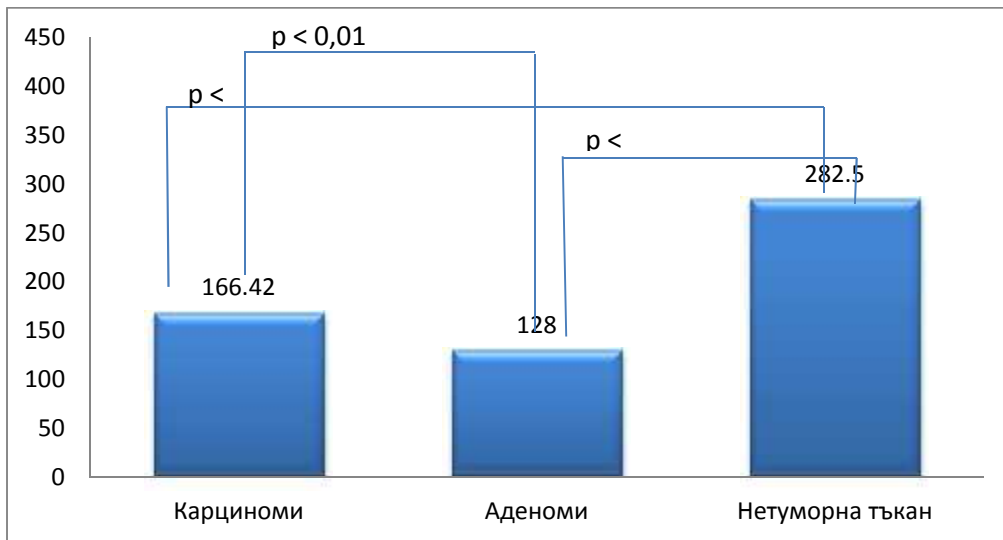
H-Score

(F=4,47; p=0,002),

H-Score

H-Score

(<0,001). - H-Score (182,66). -
 a (110,00). Bcl-2
 H-score (294) - (275) (F=2,29; p=0,044).
 44 H-Score
 Bcl-2
 H-Score
 (166,42 128, <0,01).
 (166,42 282,5; <0,001).
 cl-2 (128
 282,5; <0,001).



44. Bcl-2 (H-Score).

Bcl-2 - (>0,01).
 Bcl-2 19 (r=0.391; p=0.001). 15,30%
 Bcl-2 19.
 Bcl-2 (r=0.406; p=0.001). 16,50% Bcl-2
 Bcl-2,
 (Mitselou A et al., 2004; Haynik DM et al., 2006). A
 Mitselou et al. (2004)
 Bcl-2

DM Haynik et al. (2006)
 Bcl-2

63%
 Bcl-2

Shanone et al. (2015)
 Bcl-2

(
 , C Shanone et al.
 Bcl-2 96.7%
 86.6%
 M Aksoy et al. (2005)
 Bcl-2

A Gupta et al. (2016)
 Bcl-2
 H-score.
 H-score
 H-score

C Shanone et al. (2015)
 - 140,
 - 90.
 H-score
 (43).

Bcl-2
 Bax

Bcl-2
 Bcl-2
 Bcl-2
 Bax
 Bcl-2
 Bcl-2
 Bax

2005). (Aksoy M et al., Bcl-2, Bax – / . Bcl-2 bax . Bcl-2 , Bax e . . Bcl-2 Bax . Bcl-2 Bax (Farid P et al., 2001; Mitsiades C et al., 2007). Bcl-2 (Martinez-Brocca MA et al., 2008). Bax (Liu Z et al., 2016).

V.

31 40 , - : (2), , 41 50 . : - (2) , (. .) , CK19, Bax . - () : Bax Bcl-2.

VI.

1.

2.

3. **CK19**

4.

” “

5. **Bax**

Bax

6. **Bax**

7.

Bcl-2

Bcl-2

8.

9.

(/Bcl-2)

19.

VII.

1.

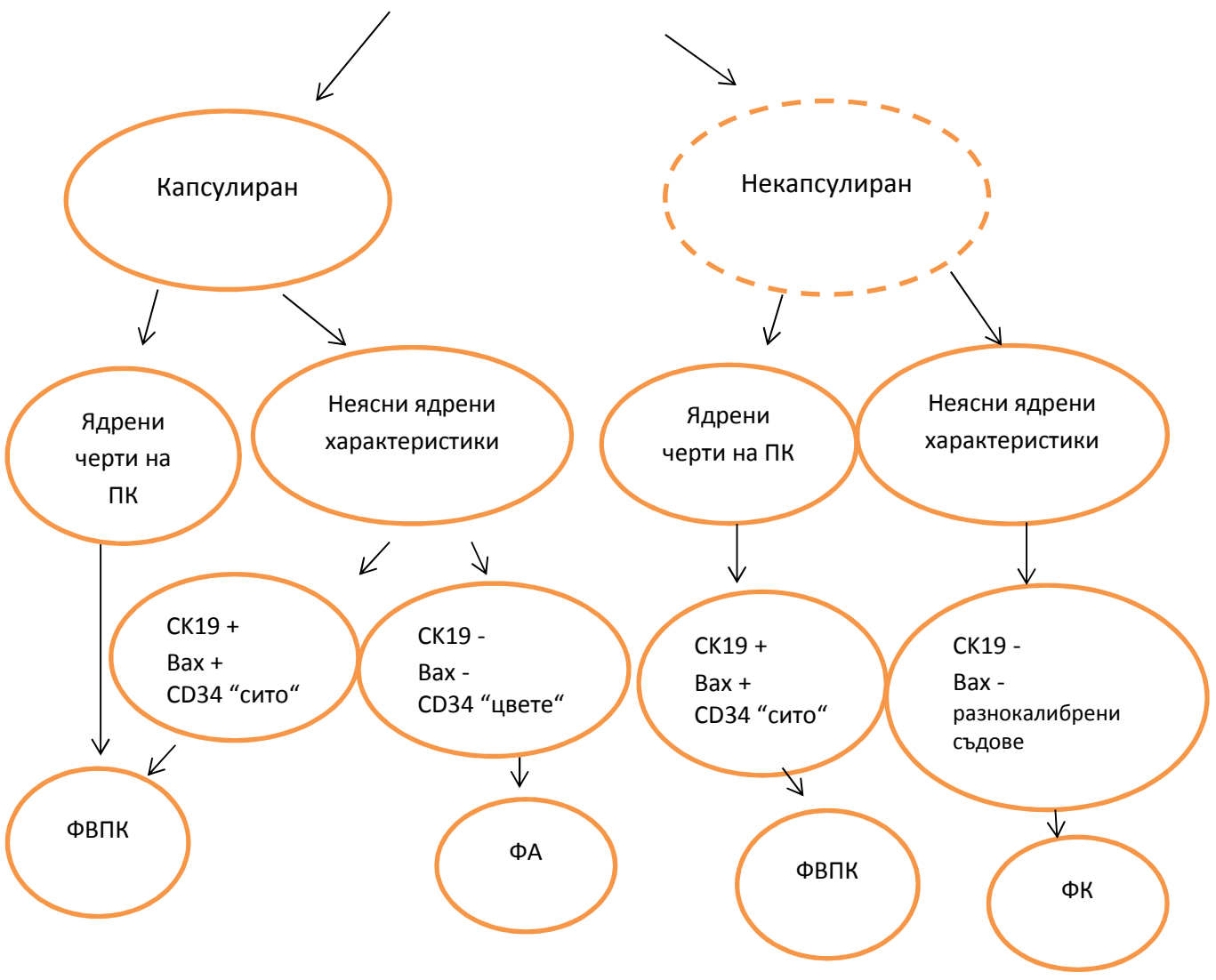
2.

_____ :

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

19,

(45).



VIII.

:

1. **D. Malinova**, M. Tzaneva. Angiogenesis and CK19 expression in papillary thyroid carcinoma. *Trakia Journal of Sciences*, Vol. 13, Suppl. 2, 2015, 147-150.

2. **D. Malinova**, N. Stefanova, S. Spasova, M Siderova. Bcl-2 and bax expression in papillary thyroid carcinoma. , 2016 , 305-308.

3. , . , 22 / 2017: 50- 53.

:

1. **D. Malinova**, M. Tzaneva. Angiogenesis and CK19 expression in papillary thyroid carcinoma, "20", 19 2015 , .

2. **D. Malinova**, N. Stefanova, S. Spasova. Bcl-2 and bax expression in papillary thyroid carcinoma, 12-14 , 2016 , .

3. - . , - . .” e ” , 2014 .

⋮

- . - , ,
- . - , ,
- . *a*,
- . , .
- .
- , -
- , .
- . , .

Thesis abstract

Doroteya Vasileva Malinova

Accurate diagnosis of thyroid tumors is critical to treatment. It requires knowledge of the specific morphological features of each thyroid neoplasm, as well as appropriate diagnostic criteria.

Identification of new molecular biomarkers in thyroid carcinoma in combination with morphological characteristics ensures improvement of diagnostic accuracy and prognosis in patients.

The aim of this study is to investigate the diagnostic and prognostic value of morphological characteristics and immunohistochemical expression of cytoskeleton protein CK19, vascular endothelial marker CD34, proapoptotic Bax protein and anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 protein in benign and malignant thyroid tumors.

In the present study, we included three groups of patients: 607 non-selected patients with non-tumor and tumor thyroid diseases; 122 selected patients with benign and malignant thyroid tumors; 75 selected patients for immunohistochemical analysis: 65 patients with and 10 without thyroid tumors. Tumors were diagnosed according to the latest 2017 WHO (World Health Organization) classification. The obtained results were statistically processed.

We have obtained the following results: Chronic lymphocytic thyroiditis correlates with small size of carcinomas and lack of regional lymph nodes metastasis. Fibrotic changes and calcifications in the stroma are associated with metastasis in regional lymph nodes. Thyroid tumors differ morphologically as well as immunophenotypically. The most common thyroid carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, has an immunohistochemical profile, which is different from other histological variants regarding CK19, Bax and MVD (microvascular density). The established immunophenotype may be considered in the differential diagnosis of thyroid neoplasms and the better prognosis in these patients may at least partially be associated with the immunophenotype. Oncocytes in Hashimoto's thyroiditis differ immunophenotypically from neoplastic cells in oncocytic neoplasms and resemble tumor cells in papillary carcinoma. Thyroid neoplasms show different levels of expression of apoptotic proteins: Bax and Bcl-2. New research is needed to determine the impact of these and other proteins involved in cell death.

Original scientific contributions: Complex morphological and immunohistochemical evaluation of tumor and non-tumor thyroid diseases was conducted. A comparative and summary analysis of the processes of apoptosis, vascularization and expression of CK19 in benign and malignant neoplasms of the thyroid gland was performed.

Applied scientific contributions: The relationship between morphological changes in the adjacent to the tumor tissue and thyroid carcinoma has been confirmed. The diagnostic value of fibrotic changes and calcifications in the tumor stroma has been assessed. The potential prognostic value of stromal changes in thyroid carcinomas has been demonstrated. The diagnostic value of CK19, microvascular density and apoptosis in various benign and malignant neoplasms of the thyroid gland was evaluated. A diagnostic algorithm for tumors with follicular growth pattern was developed based on the expression of CK19, Bax and MVD.